

2015

# English Audio Exercises 2

POSLOUCHEJ - REAGUJ - POSLOUCHEJ A KONTROLUJ

DRILLOVÁ AUDIO CVIČENÍ,  
KTERÁ VÁS ROZMLUVÍ

**Present simple- přítomný čas prostý**

**ELEMENTARY A1 - A2**



# English Audio Exercises 2

Petr Titěra ©2015

Tento materiál a celý jeho obsah včetně dodávaných audio nahrávek jsou výtvorem autora a jsou chráněny autorským právem. Jakékoli kopírování, distribuování a sdílení tohoto materiálu nebo jeho částí bez předchozího písemného souhlasu je porušením autorského práva.

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Tento materiál je vhodný pro studenty angličtiny, kteří si chtějí procvičovat, opakovat, rozšiřovat a zlepšovat své znalosti jazyka.

Jedná se o výukový materiál, který poskytuje doplňková cvičení. Předpokládá se, že student má již minimální základní teoretické znalosti gramatiky.

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Obsahem jsou cvičení, která byla vytvořena jak na základě vlastních znalostí angličtiny a zkušeností získaných při studiu cizích jazyků, tak dlouholetou praxí ve výuce angličtiny v mimoškolním prostředí. Autor je nadšený samouk a nabízí zde cvičení, která mají za cíl zlepšit studentovi jazykové dovednosti. Cvičení však sama o sobě nejsou efektivní, pokud se s nimi nepracuje správně. Níže je uveden návod a doporučení, jak s tímto materiálem pracovat. Student bere na vědomí, že úspěch, pokrok a zlepšení jsou plně v jeho rukou a autor za ně nenesení odpovědnost.

Přeji vám, aby se vám s materiálem dobře pracovalo. Budu velmi rád, když se se mnou podělíte o zkušenosti a jsem otevřený návrhům a tipům na zlepšení.

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### Jak správně pracovat s English Audio Exercises 2

Celý program je postaven na jednoduchém principu:

#### POSLOUHCEJ – REAGUJ – POSLOUCHEJ A ZKONTROLUJ

Všechny audio nahrávky jsou v angličtině. Na začátku každého cvičení uvádím jeho číslo a v závorce přibližný čas jeho začátku. U každého cvičení uvádím jako první příklad, co se má přesně dělat. Tento postup je pro všechna cvičení stejný. Velmi brzy se v instrukcích začnete orientovat. Mezery jsou dlouhé tak, abyste byli schopni odpovědět. Závisí to však na znalosti jazyka. Ovládáte-li jazyk už dobře, budete to stíhat. Pokud ne, budete si muset nahrávky zastavovat.

#### Cvičení rozvíjejí a zlepšují následující dovednosti:

**První je poslech** - musíte pozorně poslouchat a soustředit se, abyste věděli na co, a jak máte reagovat a pak také, zdali vaše reakce byla správná. Reagujete tak, že věty měníte dle instrukcí. Instrukce jsou jednoduché a celý program je postaven na stejném principu. Brzy budete vědět, jak s ním pracovat.

**Gramatika** - cvičení jsou zaměřena na procvičování gramatických jevů a postupují zpravidla od jednoduššího ke složitějšímu.

**Slovní zásoba** - tento druhý díl obsahuje základní a praktickou slovní zásobu na úrovni A1 – A2. Slovní zásoba není jen nutnou součástí vět, ale pracujete s ní při každém vašem kroku. Při poslechu ji vnímáte sluchem a musíte ji v uceleném celku věty rozpoznat, ve fázi reakce jí opakuje nebo měníte dle instrukcí, přičemž v poslední fázi vaši reakce daná slova vyslovujete. Při kontrole je opět slyšíte.

**Čtení, vizuální příjem informace** - v závislosti na vaší úrovni jazyka budete nebo nebudete používat cvičení v textové podobě. V případě, že budete pracovat s dokumentem, můžete v první fázi dělat cvičení pouze s textem a až později s poslechem. Cílem však je dělat cvičení bez textu. Postup si zvolte sami. Vždy by vás to mělo bavit, ne frustrovat!

**Výslovnost** - špatná výslovnost je častým argumentem studentů, proč nemůžou některé věci dělat doma sami. Cvičení vám umožňují zlepšovat si výslovnost. Dávejte velký pozor na to, abyste vyslovovali dobře. V angličtině mohou malé variace ve výslovnosti znamenat změnu celého slova. Výslovnost v nahrávkách je srozumitelná a vy byste se měli snažit rovněž vyslovovat tak, aby ostatní rozuměli. O to ostatně jde.

**Mluvení** - fáze „reakce“ je pro vás velmi důležitá. V této fázi dochází ke zpracování informací, vyhodnocení gramatiky, případně úpravě slov ve větě, a to celé je třeba završit vyslovením úplné věty. Osobně považuji tento proces za jeden z nejdůležitějších. Cvičení jsou postavena na principu opakování a to umožňuje velmi dobře fixovat pořádek slov ve větě.

**Psaní** - přestože tento program není zaměřen na psaní, můžete si vyslovanou větu psát pro zlepšení se v této oblasti.

### Kde je cíl aneb kam se chci dostat?

*Vaším cílem je pustit si audionahrávky bez textu a udělat cvičení bez nutnosti zastavovat je v průběhu poslechu. U některých cvičení to není vůbec snadné a o všem rozhoduje množství času, který potřebuje váš mozek ke zpracování informací a také vaše schopnost správně větu vyslovit. Cvičení rovněž vyžadují notnou dávku vaší pozornosti.*

*Audionahrávky jsou vytvořené tak, že pokud jazyk ovládáte na dobré úrovni, máte dostatek času na svou reakci se správnou výslovností. TO JE VÁŠ CÍL 😊*

**Obecná doporučení jak začít:**

#### **Základní pravidlo - STUDIUM BY VÁS MĚLO BAVIT, UŽÍVEJTE SI TO!**

- 1. Slovní zásoba** - doporučuji se nejdříve podívat na cvičení a ověřit si, že použitou slovní zásobu znáte. Překlad je uváděn u slov na začátku každé kapitoly, pak se již neopakuje. Cvičení se dají dělat i bez znalosti významu některých slov, může tak ale docházet jen k jejich opakování tzv. papouškování. To není cílem cvičení. Vždy byste měli vědět, co vlastně říkáte. Opakovaná práce se slovní zásobou vám pomůže si ji lépe zapamatovat.
- 2. Nespěchejte** - kdykoli cítíte, že nestíháte, zastavujte si audio a v klidu si promyslete, co máte říct a dbejte na dobrou výslovnost. Měli byste si to užít a mít ze sebe radost. Žádný stres! Je-li pro vás látka nová a potřebujete se s ní více seznámit, můžete zakrýt odpovědi a dělat cvičení nejdříve bez audia. Pro mnoho studentů může být na začátku těžké pracovat pouze s audiem bez textu.
- 3. Čtěte** - je-li třeba, cvičení si čtěte s nahrávkami nebo bez nich. V klidu se s nimi nejdříve seznámte formou čtení, je-li to potřeba. Stejně tak je dobré číst nahlas a poslouchat nahrávku. To je užitečné, chcete-li se více soustředit na výslovnost. V takovém případě je lepší ignorovat prostřední fázi „reakci“ a jen se zaměřit na správnou a plynulou výslovnost.
- 4. Dbejte na výslovnost** – důvodem sestavení právě audio cvičení je umožnit vám procvičovat mluvení bez přítomnosti lektora. Můžete si výslovnost zkontrolovat sami a hned. A pokud si přesto nejste jisti, nahrajte se na diktafon včetně mého hlasu a následně to porovnejte. Účelem je, aby vám bylo rozumět.

**Tento materiál si neklade za cíl nahradit osobní kontakt s lektorem.**

**Pamatujte! Studium cizího jazyka by vás mělo bavit, měli byste mít radost, že už jste zase o kousek dál.**

Více informací ke gramatice a komentáře ke cvičením najdete v odděleném dokumentu.

## Obsah

PROHLÁŠENÍ	1
Jak pracovat s EAE2	2
Obecná doporučení	3

### PRESENT SIMPLE (PS) - přítomný čas prostý

PS positive	5
PS negative	10
PS questions	15
PS questions - where	20
PS how often, adverbs of frequency	25
PS like, love, hate, enjoy	34
<i>PS me, you, him, her, it, us, them</i>	36
<i>PS can/can't</i>	39
PS where, when, why	42
PS who, who with/about, what kind, what about	48
PS have to	52

Počet cvičení - 177

Délka audia celkem - 4 hodiny 52 minut

## Present simple - *positive*, cvičení 1 – 16 (23 min.)

### Exercise 1

<b>Example:</b>	<b><i>I study in London.</i></b>	<b><i>/we</i></b>
	<i>(Studuji v Londýně.)</i>	
	<b>We study in London.</b>	
<b>I study</b> in London.		<i>/we</i>
<b>We study</b> in London.		<i>/her friends (její přátelé)</i>
<b>Her friends study</b> in London.		<i>/those boys (tamti chlapci)</i>
<b>Those boys study</b> in London.		<i>/you</i>
<b>You study</b> in London.		<i>/his children (jeho děti)</i>
<b>His children study</b> in London.		<i>/they</i>
<b>They study</b> in London.		<i>/Robert and Jack</i>
<b>Robert and Jack study</b> in London.		

### Exercise 2 (1.10 min.)

<b>Example:</b>	<b><i>I have a new car.</i></b>	<b><i>/you</i></b>
	<i>(Mám nové auto.)</i>	
	<b>You have a new car.</b>	
<b>I have</b> a new car.		<i>/you</i>
<b>You have</b> a new car.		<i>/my friends (moji přátelé)</i>
<b>My friends have</b> a new car.		<i>/we</i>
<b>We have</b> a new car.		<i>/our neighbours (naši sousedé)</i>
<b>Our neighbours have</b> a new car.		<i>/the managers (ti manažeři)</i>
<b>The managers have</b> a new car.		<i>/they</i>
<b>They have</b> a new car.		<i>/I</i>
<b>I have</b> a new car.		

### Exercise 3 (2.15 min.)

<b>Example:</b>	<b><i>She lives in Africa.</i></b>	<b><i>/my son</i></b>
	<i>(Žije/bydlí v Africe.)</i>	
	<b>My son lives in Africa.</b>	
<b>She lives</b> in Africa.		<i>/my son (můj syn)</i>
<b>My son lives</b> in Africa.		<i>/his brother (jeho bratr)</i>
<b>His brother lives</b> in Africa.		<i>/Paul</i>
<b>Paul lives</b> in Africa.		<i>/this animal (toto zvíře)</i>
<b>This animal lives</b> in Africa.		<i>/he</i>
<b>He lives</b> in Africa.		<i>/her father (její otec)</i>
<b>Her father lives</b> in Africa.		<i>/Lucy</i>
<b>Lucy lives</b> in Africa.		

### Exercise 4 (3.20 min.)

**Example:** *He works very well.* /the secretary

*(Pracuje velmi dobře.)*

**The secretary works very well.**

He works very well. /the secretary (*sekretář/ka*)

The **secretary** works very well. /the journalist (*novinář/ka*)

The **journalist** works very well. /the manager (*manažer/ka*)

The **manager** works very well. /the computer (*počítač*)

The **computer** works very well. /that man (*tamten muž*)

**That man** works very well. /your friend (*tvůj přítel*)

**Your friend** works very well. /the machine (*stroj*)

The **machine** works very well. /the teacher (*učitel*)

The **teacher** works very well. /he

He works very well.

### Exercise 5 (4.55 min.)

**Example:** *I go to the cinema.* /my friends

*(Chodím do kina.)*

**My friends go to the cinema.**

I go to the cinema. /my friends (*moji přátelé*)

My friends go to the cinema. /we

We go to the cinema. /Jessica

Jessica goes to the cinema. /you

You go to the cinema. /their children (*jejich děti*)

Their children go to the cinema. /his sister (*jeho sestra*)

His sister goes to the cinema. /Jane and Robert

Jane and Robert go to the cinema.

### Exercise 6 (6.10 min.)

**Example:** *I go to work by car.* /your sister

*(Jezdím do práce autem.)*

**Your sister goes to work by car.**

I go to work by car. /your sister (*tvá sestra*)

Your sister goes to work by car. /we

We go to work by car. /my wife (*moje žena*)

My wife goes to work by car. /their friends (*jejich přátelé*)

Their friends go to work by car. /his teacher (*jeho učitel/ka*)

His teacher goes to work by car. /my parents (*moji rodiče*)

My parents go to work by car. /the managers (*manažeři*)

The managers go to work by car.

### Exercise 7 (7.25 min.)

**Example:** *We go to the cinema.* /the theatre

*(Chodíme do kina.)*

**We go to the theatre.**

We go to the cinema. /the theatre (*divadla*)

We go to the theatre. /a restaurant (*restaurace*)

We go to a restaurant. /the gym (*tělocvičny, fitka*)

We go to the gym. /school (*školy*)

We go to school. /work (*práce*)

We go to work. /the swimming pool (*bazénu*)  
 We go to the swimming pool. /the beach (*na pláž*)  
 We go to the beach.

### Exercise 8 (8.35 min.)

**Example:** **They have breakfast.** /lunch  
 (*Snídají.*)

**They have lunch.**

They have breakfast. /lunch (*obědvat*)  
 They have lunch. /dinner (*večeřet*)  
 They have dinner. /a shower (*sprchovat se*)  
 They have a shower. /a problem (*problém*)  
 They have a problem. /a drink (*have a drink- dát si drink/sklenku*)  
 They have a drink. /a cigarette (*have a cigarette – dát si cigaretu*)  
 They have a cigarette. /a coffee (*dát si kafe*)  
 They have a coffee.

### Exercise 9 (9.35 min.)

**Example:** **He has a camera.** /two children  
 (*Má foťák.*)

**He has two children.**

He has a camera. /two children (*dvě děti*)  
 He has two children. /a lot of problems (*hodně problémů*)  
 He has a lot of problems. /a son (*syn*)  
 He has a son. /a good dictionary (*dobrý slovník*)  
 He has a good dictionary. /a big house (*velký dům*)  
 He has a big house. /the keys (*ty klíče*)  
 He has the keys. /a new computer (*nový počítač*)  
 He has a new computer.

### Exercise 10 (10.45 min.)

**Example:** **She works in an office.** /in a bank  
 (*Pracuje v kanceláři.*)

**She works in a bank.**

She works in an office. /in a bank (*v bance*)  
 She works in a bank. /at the post office (*na poště*)  
 She works at the post office. /at school (*ve škole*)  
 She works at school. /in a restaurant (*v restauraci*)  
 She works in a restaurant. /in a shop (*v obchodě*)  
 She works in a shop. /in a café (*v kavárně*)  
 She works in a café. /for a newspaper (*v/pro noviny*)  
 She works for a newspaper. /in a hotel (*v hotelu*)  
 She works in a hotel. /in a hospital (*v nemocnici*)  
 She works in a hospital.



**Exercise 11 (12.05 min.)**

**Example:** *She comes from Japan. She speaks Japanese. /the USA*  
*(Pochází z Japonska. Mluví japonsky.)*

**She comes from the USA. She speaks English.**

She comes from **Japan**. She speaks **Japanese**. /the USA  
 She comes from **the USA**. She speaks **English**. /Brazil  
 She comes from **Brazil**. She speaks **Portuguese**. /Russia  
 She comes from **Russia**. She speaks **Russian**. /France  
 She comes from **France**. She speaks **French**. /Qatar  
 She comes from **Qatar**. She speaks **Arabic**. /Italy  
 She comes from **Italy**. She speaks **Italian**. /Australia  
 She comes from **Australia**. She speaks **English**. /Spain  
 She comes from **Spain**. She speaks **Spanish**. /England  
 She comes from **England**. She speaks **English**.

**Exercise 12 (14.15 min.)**

**Example:** *They come from Mexico. They speak Spanish. /China*  
*(Pochází z Mexika. Mluví španělsky.)*

**They come from China. They speak Chinese.**

They come from **Mexico**. They speak **Spanish**. /China  
 They come from **China**. They speak **Chinese**. /Poland  
 They come from **Poland**. They speak **Polish**. /Germany  
 They come from **Germany**. They speak **German**. /Egypt  
 They come from **Egypt**. They speak **Arabic**. /Thailand  
 They come from **Thailand**. They speak **Thai**. /Greece  
 They come from **Greece**. They speak **Greek**. /Turkey  
 They come from **Turkey**. They speak **Turkish**. /Sweden  
 They come from **Sweden**. They speak **Swedish**. /Hungary  
 They come from **Hungary**. They speak **Hungarian**.

**Exercise 13 (16.25 min.)**

**Example:** *He comes from Belize. He's Belizean. /Costa Rica*  
*(Pochází z Belize. Je Belizean.)*

**He comes from Costa Rica. He's Costa Rican**

He comes from **Belize**. He's **Belizean**. /Costa Rica  
 He comes from **Costa Rica**. He's **Costa Rican**. /Guatemala  
 He comes from **Guatemala**. He's **Guatemalan**. /El Salvador  
 He comes from **El Salvador**. He's **Salvadorian**. /Panama  
 He comes from **Panama**. He's **Panamanian**. /Nicaragua  
 He comes from **Nicaragua**. He's **Nicaraguan**. /Honduras  
 He comes from **Honduras**. He's **Honduran**.

**Exercise 14 (18.00 min.)**

**Example:** *I come from Bolivia. I am Bolivian. /Colombia*  
*(Pocházím z Bolívie. Jsem Bolivijec.)*

**I come from Colombia. I am Colombian.**

I come from **Bolivia**. I am **Bolivian**. /Colombia  
 I come from **Colombia**. I am **Colombian**. /Peru  
 I come from **Peru**. I am **Peruvian**. /Venezuela  
 I come from **Venezuela**. I am **Venezuelan**. /Paraguay

I come from <b>Paraguay</b> . I am <b>Paraguayan</b> .	/Uruguay
I come from <b>Uruguay</b> . I am <b>Uruguayan</b> .	/Chile
I come from <b>Chile</b> . I am <b>Chilean</b> .	/Argentina
I come from <b>Argentina</b> . I am <b>Argentinian</b> .	/Ecuador
I come from <b>Ecuador</b> . I am <b>Ecuadorian</b> .	/Brazil
I come from <b>Brazil</b> . I am <b>Brazilian</b> .	

### Exercise 15 (20.10 min.)

**Example:** *He plays tennis every week.* /volleyball

*(Hraje tenis každý týden.)*

**He plays volleyball every week.**

He plays tennis every week.	/volleyball
He plays volleyball every week.	/the guitar ( <i>na kytaru</i> )
He plays the guitar every week.	/football
He plays football every week.	/chess ( <i>šachy</i> )
He plays chess every week.	/basketball
He plays basketball every week.	/the piano
He plays the piano every week.	/board games ( <i>stolní hry</i> )
He plays board games every week.	/computer games ( <i>počítačové hry</i> )
He plays computer games every week.	/cards ( <i>karty</i> )
He plays cards every week.	

### Exercise 16 (21.45 min.)

**Example:** *I wear my watch every day.* /glasses

*(Nosím své hodinky každý den.)*

**I wear glasses every day.**

I wear my watch every day.	/glasses ( <i>brýle</i> )
I wear glasses every day.	/these shoes ( <i>tyto boty</i> )
I wear these shoes every day.	/the black jacket ( <i>tu černou bundu</i> )
I wear the black jacket every day.	/these jeans ( <i>tyto džíny</i> )
I wear these jeans every day.	/earrings ( <i>náušnice</i> )
I wear earrings every day.	/shirts ( <i>trička</i> )
I wear shirts every day.	/the red bracelet ( <i>ten červený náramek</i> )
I wear the red bracelet every day.	/a brown hat ( <i>hnědý klobouk/čepici</i> )
I wear a brown hat every day.	/the ring ( <i>ten prstýnek</i> )
I wear the ring every day.	

## Present simple - *negative*, cvičení 1 – 15 (31 min.)

**Exercise 1**

**Example:** *I live in London.*  
(*Bydlím v Londýně.*)

I live in London.  
They live in London.  
You live in London.  
Our friends live in London.  
Jane and Lucy live in London.  
Their children live in London.  
We live in London.  
My parents live in London.

***I don't live in London.***  
(*Nebydlím v Londýně.*)

I don't live in London.  
They don't live in London.  
You don't live in London.  
Our friends don't live in London.  
Jane and Lucy don't live in London.  
Their children don't live in London.  
We don't live in London.  
My parents don't live in London.

**Exercise 2 (1.30 min.)**

**Example:** *She works very well.*  
(*Pracuje velmi dobře.*)

She works very well.  
Mr Brown works very well.  
The computer works very well.  
Her brother works very well.  
It works very well.  
He works very well.  
The waiter works very well.  
Jane works very well.  
That machine works very well.

***She doesn't work very well.***  
(*Nepracuje velmi dobře.*)

She doesn't work very well.  
Mr Brown doesn't work very well.  
The computer *doesn't work very well.* (*nefunguje velmi dobře*)  
*Her brother doesn't work very well.* (*její bratr*)  
*It doesn't work very well.* (*Nefunguje to velmi dobře.*)  
He doesn't work very well.  
*The waiter doesn't work very well.* (*číšník*)  
Jane doesn't work very well.  
*That machine doesn't work very well.* (*tamten stroj*)

**Exercise 3 (3.15 min.)**

**Example:** *We have a new car.*  
(*Máme nové auto.*)

We have a new car.  
She has a new car.  
Our neighbours have a new car.  
They have a new car.  
Our father has a new car.  
The manager has a new car.  
Her boyfriend has a new car.  
We have a new car.  
His parents have a new car.  
Jane has a new car.

***We don't have a new car.***  
(*Nemáme nové auto.*)

We don't have a new car.  
She doesn't have a new car.  
*Our neighbours don't have a new car.* (*naši sousedé*)  
They don't have a new car.  
Our father doesn't have a new car.  
*The manager doesn't have a new car.* (*ten manažer*)  
*Her boyfriend doesn't have a new car.* (*její přítel*)  
We don't have a new car.  
*His parents don't have a new car.* (*jeho rodiče*)  
Jane doesn't have a new car.

**Exercise 4 (5.10 min.)**

**Example:** *I go to work by car.*  
(*Jezdím do práce autem.*)

I go to work by car.  
She goes to work by car.  
Jane and Lucy go to work by car.  
His mother goes to work by car.  
My husband goes to work by car.

***I don't go to work by car.***  
(*Nejezdím do práce autem.*)

I don't go to work by car.  
She doesn't go to work by car.  
Jane and Lucy don't go to work by car.  
*His mother doesn't go to work by car.* (*jeho máma*)  
*My husband doesn't go to work by car.* (*můj manžel*)

Your friends go to work by car.  
They go to work by car.  
He goes to work by car.  
Her brother goes to work by car.  
I go to work by car.

*Your friends don't go to work by car. (tvoji/vaši přátelé)*  
They don't go to work by car.  
He doesn't go to work by car.  
*Her brother doesn't go to work by car. (její bratr)*  
I don't go to work by car.

### Exercise 5 (7.15 min.)

**Example:** ***My sister goes to work by car.** No, she doesn't. She goes to work by bus.  
(*Moje sestra jezdí do práce autem.*) (Ne, nejezdí. Ona jezdí do práce autobusem.)*

**My sister** goes to work by car.

No, **she** doesn't. **She** goes to work by bus.

**Paul** goes to work by car.

No, **he** doesn't. **He** goes to work by bus.

**Jane and Lucy** go to work by car.

No, **they** don't. **They** go to work by bus.

**His mother** goes to work by car.

No, **she** doesn't. **She** goes to work by bus.

**Her husband** goes to work by car.

No, **he** doesn't. **He** goes to work by bus.

**Your friends** go to work by car.

No, **they** don't. **They** go to work by bus.

**My neighbours** go to work by car.

No, **they** don't. **They** go to work by bus.

**Their father** goes to work by car.

No, **he** doesn't. **He** goes to work by bus.

**Her brother** goes to work by car.

No, **he** doesn't. **He** goes to work by bus.

**The women** go to work by car.

No, **they** don't. **They** go to work by bus.

### Exercise 6 (9.45 min.)

**Example:** ***We don't go to the cinema.** /the theatre*  
(*Nechodíme do kina.*)

**We don't go to the theatre.**

We don't go to the cinema /the theatre (*divadla*)

We don't go to the theatre. /the gym (*tělocvičny*)

We don't go to the gym. /the beach (*na pláž*)

We don't go to the beach. /work (*práce*)

We don't go to work. /a restaurant (*restaurace*)

We don't go to a restaurant. /school (*školy*)

We don't go to school. /the city (*města*)

We don't go to the city.

### Exercise 7 (11.00 min.)

**Example:** ***They have lunch.** **They don't have lunch.***  
(*Obědvají.*) (*Neobědvají.*)

They have lunch.

They don't have lunch.

He has a lot of problems.

He doesn't have a lot of problems. (*Nemá hodně problémů.*)

She works in a shop.

She doesn't work in a shop. (*Nepracuje v obchodě.*)

He has a good dictionary.

He doesn't have a good dictionary. (*Nemá dobrý slovník.*)

They have breakfast.

They don't have breakfast. (*Nesnídají.*)

You have a coffee.

You don't have a coffee. (*Nedáváš/nedáváte si kávu.*)

They have a son.

They don't have a son. (*Nemají syna.*)

He works in an office.

He doesn't work in an office. (*Nepracuje v kanceláři.*)

She has a shower.

She doesn't have a shower. (*Nesprchuje se.*)

He has a camera.

He doesn't have a camera. (*Nemá foťák.*)

### Exercise 8 (12.45 min.)

**Example:** *She doesn't come from Japan. She doesn't speak Japanese.* /the USA  
(*Nepochází z Japonska. Nemluví japonsky.*)

**She doesn't come from the USA. She doesn't speak English.**

She doesn't come from <b>Japan</b> . She doesn't speak <b>Japanese</b> .	/the USA
She doesn't come from <b>the USA</b> . She doesn't speak <b>English</b> .	/Brazil
She doesn't come from <b>Brazil</b> . She doesn't speak <b>Portuguese</b> .	/Russia
She doesn't come from <b>Russia</b> . She doesn't speak <b>Russian</b> .	/France
She doesn't come from <b>France</b> . She doesn't speak <b>French</b> .	/Qatar
She doesn't come from <b>Qatar</b> . She doesn't speak <b>Arabic</b> .	/Italy
She doesn't come from <b>Italy</b> . She doesn't speak <b>Italian</b> .	/Australia
She doesn't come from <b>Australia</b> . She doesn't speak <b>English</b> .	/Spain
She doesn't come from <b>Spain</b> . She doesn't speak <b>Spanish</b> .	/England
She doesn't come from <b>England</b> . She doesn't speak <b>English</b> .	

### Exercise 9 (15.10 min.)

**Example:** *They don't come from Mexico. They don't speak Spanish.* /China  
(*Nepochází z Mexika. Nemluví španělsky.*)

**They don't come from China. They don't speak Chinese.**

They don't come from <b>Mexico</b> . They don't speak <b>Spanish</b> .	/China
They don't come from <b>China</b> . They don't speak <b>Chinese</b> .	/Poland
They don't come from <b>Poland</b> . They don't speak <b>Polish</b> .	/Germany
They don't come from <b>Germany</b> . They don't speak <b>German</b> .	/Egypt
They don't come from <b>Egypt</b> . They don't speak <b>Arabic</b> .	/Thailand
They don't come from <b>Thailand</b> . They don't speak <b>Thai</b> .	/Greece
They don't come from <b>Greece</b> . They don't speak <b>Greek</b> .	/Turkey
They don't come from <b>Turkey</b> . They don't speak <b>Turkish</b> .	/Sweden
They don't come from <b>Sweden</b> . They don't speak <b>Swedish</b> .	/Hungary
They don't come from <b>Hungary</b> . They don't speak <b>Hungarian</b> .	

### Exercise 10 (17.35 min.)

**Example:** *He plays tennis every week.* *He doesn't play tennis every week.*  
(*Hraje tenis každý týden.*) (*Nehraje tenis každý týden.*)

He plays tennis every week.	He doesn't play tennis every week.
They wear skirts every day.	<i>They don't wear skirts every day. (Nenosí sukně každý den.)</i>
We play basketball every week.	<i>We don't play basketball every week. (Nehrajeme basketbal...)</i>
She plays the piano every day.	<i>She doesn't play the piano every day. (Nehraje na piano...)</i>
I wear the ring every day.	<i>I don't wear the ring every day. (Nenosím ten prstýnek...)</i>
They play computer games every day.	<i>They don't play computer games every day. (počítačové hry)</i>
He plays football every week.	He doesn't play football every week.
You play the guitar every day.	<i>You don't play the guitar every day. (na kytaru)</i>
They play cards every week.	<i>They don't play cards every week. (karty)</i>
She wears these shoes every day.	<i>She doesn't wear these shoes every day. (Nenosí tyto boty...)</i>

### Exercise 11 (19.45 min.)

**Example:** *She does homework in the evening.* (Dělá domácí úkol večer.) *She doesn't do homework in the evening.* (Nedělá domácí úkol večer.)

She does homework in the evening.	She doesn't do homework <i>in the evening.</i> (večer)
I play tennis in the morning.	I don't play tennis <i>in the morning.</i> (ráno)
We <b>go away</b> at weekends.	We don't go away <i>at weekends.</i> (o víkendech)
He <b>goes to the pub</b> in the afternoon.	He doesn't go to the pub <i>in the afternoon.</i> (odpoledne)
Their parents <b>go to the cinema</b> on Fridays.	Their parents don't go to the cinema <i>on Fridays.</i> (v pátek)
The manager <b>starts work</b> at 8 o'clock.	The manager doesn't start work <i>at 8 o'clock.</i> (v 8 hodin)
People <b>go to the beach</b> in winter.	People don't go to the beach <i>in winter.</i> (v zimě)
She <b>works at night.</b>	She doesn't work at night.
Our neighbours <b>go shopping</b> on Thursdays.	Our neighbours don't go shopping <i>on Thursdays.</i> (ve čtvrtek)
My children <b>have dinner</b> at 7.	My children don't have dinner <i>at 7.</i> (v 7 hodin)

(*go away* - jezdit pryč, *go to the pub* - chodit do hospody, *go to the cinema* - chodit do kina, *start work* - začít pracovat, *go to the beach* - chodit na pláž, *work at night* - pracovat v noci, *go shopping* - chodit nakupovat, *have dinner* - večeřet)

### Exercise 12 (22.00 min.)

**Example:** *David lives in New York.* (David bydlí v New Yorku.) *No, he doesn't. He doesn't live in New York.* (Ne, nebydlí. On nebydlí v New Yorku.)

David lives in New York.	No, he doesn't. He doesn't live in New York.
Jane works in a bank.	No, she doesn't. <i>She doesn't work in a bank.</i> (Nepracuje v bance.)
My parents <b>like</b> pizza.	No, they don't. <i>They don't like pizza.</i> (Nemají rádi pizzu.)
Mrs. Smith works very well.	No, she doesn't. <i>She doesn't work very well.</i> (Nepracuje velmi dobře.)
They <b>sell</b> cars.	No, they don't. <i>They don't sell cars.</i> (Neprodávají auta.)
Jack has a new hat.	No, he doesn't. <i>He doesn't have a new hat.</i> (Nemá nový klobouk/čepici.)
The computer works very well.	No, it doesn't. <i>It doesn't work very well.</i> (Nepracuje/nefunguje to.)
My friends go to work by train.	No, they don't. <i>They don't go to work by train.</i> (Nejezdí do práce vlakem.)
The plane <b>flies</b> very fast.	No, it doesn't. <i>It doesn't fly very fast.</i> (Nelítá velmi rychle.)
Her father <b>calls</b> her every day.	No, he doesn't. <i>He doesn't call her every day.</i> (Nevolá jí každý den.)

(*like* - mít rád, líbit se, *sell* - prodávat, *fly* - létat, *call* - volat, telefonovat)

### Exercise 13 (24.25 min.)

**Example:** *He drives a fast car.* (Řídí rychlé auto.) *No, he doesn't. He doesn't drive a fast car.* (Ne, neřídí. On neřídí rychlé auto.)

He <b>drives</b> a fast car.	No, he doesn't. He doesn't drive a fast car.
His parents <b>have</b> a dangerous job.	No, they don't. They don't have a <i>dangerous job.</i> (nebezpečná práce)
She <b>buys</b> expensive shoes.	No, she doesn't. She doesn't buy <i>expensive shoes.</i> (drahé boty)
Her mother <b>meets</b> rich people.	No, she doesn't. She doesn't meet <i>rich people.</i> (bohatí lidé)
The shop <b>sells</b> cheap clothes.	No, it doesn't. It doesn't sell <i>cheap clothes.</i> (levné oblečení)
My sister <b>wears</b> beautiful dresses.	No, she doesn't. She doesn't wear <i>beautiful dresses.</i> (krásné šaty)
They <b>give</b> money to poor people.	No, they don't. They don't give money to <i>poor people.</i> (chudí lidé)
John <b>works</b> in a big factory.	No he doesn't. He doesn't work in a <i>big factory.</i> (velká továrna)

(*drive* - řídit auto, *have* - mít, *buy* - kupovat, *meet* - potkat, setkat se, *sell* - prodávat, *wear* - nosit na sobě, *give* - dát něco někomu, *work* - pracovat)

### Exercise 14 (26.30 min)

**Example:** *Mike drives a fast car. He doesn't drive a fast car. He drives a slow car.*  
*(Mike řídí rychlé auto.) (Neřídí rychlé auto. Řídí pomalé auto.) (Použijeme opak příd. jm.)*

Mike drives a fast car.	He doesn't drive a fast car. He drives a slow car.
His parents have a dangerous job.	They don't have a <i>dangerous</i> job. They have a <i>safe</i> job. ( <i>nebezpečný/bezpečný</i> )
She buys expensive shoes.	She doesn't buy <i>expensive</i> shoes. She buys <i>cheap</i> shoes. ( <i>drahý/levný</i> )
Her mother meets rich people.	She doesn't meet <i>rich</i> people. She meets <i>poor</i> people. ( <i>bohatý/chudý</i> )
The shop sells cheap clothes.	It doesn't sell <i>cheap</i> clothes. It sells <i>expensive</i> clothes. ( <i>levný/drahý</i> )
My sister wears long dresses.	She doesn't wear <i>long</i> dresses. She wears <i>short</i> dresses. ( <i>dlouhý/krátký</i> )
They give money to rich people.	They don't give money to rich people. They give money to poor people.
John works for a big company.	He doesn't work for a big company. He works for a small company.

### Exercise 15 (28.50 min.)

**Example:** *The girls swim on Sundays. No, they don't swim on Sundays.*  
*(Ty dívky plavou v neděli.) (Ne, oni neplavou v neděli.)*

The girls <b>swim</b> on Sundays.	No, they don't swim on Sundays.
John <b>walks</b> five km every day.	No, he doesn't walk five km every day.
My son meets his friends on Thursday.	No, he doesn't meet his friends on Thursday.
They <b>travel</b> by plane every month.	No, they don't travel by plane every month.
Jane calls her parents every evening.	No, she doesn't call her parents every evening.
My friends travel by train every week.	No, they don't travel by train every week.
Mike <b>watches</b> TV on Tuesday evening.	No, he doesn't watch TV on Tuesday evening.
Paul <b>reads</b> a newspaper on Mondays.	No, he doesn't read a newspaper on Mondays.

*(swim - plavat, walk - chodit pěšky, travel - cestovat, watch - dívat, pozorovat, read - číst)*

**PRESENT SIMPLE - questions, cvičení 1 – 19 (32 min.)****Exercise 1**

**Example:** *Do you work in the city? /we*  
(*Pracuješ/te ve městě?*)

**Do we work in the city?**

Do you work in the city? /we  
Do we work in the city? /they  
Do they work in the city? /I  
Do I work in the city? /his brothers  
Do his brothers work in the city? /your friends  
Do your friends work in the city? /you  
Do you work in the city? /her parents  
Do her parents work in the city?

**Exercise 2 (1.15 min.)**

**Example:** *Does he speak English every day? /she*  
(*Mluví anglicky každý den?*)

**Does she speak English every day?**

Does he speak English every day? /she  
Does she speak English every day? /his sister  
Does his sister speak English every day? /your father  
Does your father speak English every day? /the manager  
Does the manager speak English every day? /their brother  
Does their brother speak English every day? /Lucy  
Does Lucy speak English every day? /he  
Does he speak English every day?

**Exercise 3 (2.40 min.)**

**Example:** *Do you live in London? /they*  
(*Bydlíš/žiješ v Londýně?*)

**Do they live in London?**

Do you live in London? /they  
Do they live in London? /your son  
Does your son live in London? /their children  
Do their children live in London? /Mike  
Does Mike live in London? /Jack and Lucy  
Do Jack and Lucy live in London? /her daughter  
Does her daughter live in London? /the manager  
Does the manager live in London?

**Exercise 4 (4.05 min.)**

**Example:** *Do you go to the cinema on Mondays? /the theatre*  
(*Chodíš/te do kina v pondělí?*)

**Do you go to the theatre on Mondays?**

Do you go to the cinema on Mondays? /the theatre (*divadlo*)  
Do you go to the theatre on Mondays? /the swimming pool (*bazén*)  
Do you go to the swimming pool on Mondays? /the market (*trh*)  
Do you go to the market on Mondays? /the library (*knihovna*)  
Do you go to the library on Mondays? /a restaurant (*restaurace*)  
Do you go to a restaurant on Mondays? /church (*kostel*)  
Do you go to church on Mondays? /a café (*kavárna*)  
Do you go to a café on Mondays? /a supermarket  
Do you go to a supermarket on Mondays? /the bank (*banka*)  
Do you go to the bank on Mondays?



### Exercise 5 (5.55 min.)

**Example:** *Do you go to the cinema?*  
(*Chodíš do kina?*)

Do you go to the cinema?  
Does he go to the theatre?  
Do they go to the swimming pool?  
Does she go to the market?  
Do you go to the library?  
Do they go to a restaurant?  
Does he go to church?  
Does she go to a café?  
Do you go to a supermarket?  
Do they go to the bank?

**No, I don't. I don't go to the cinema.**

(*Ne, nechodím. Nechodím do kina.*)  
No, I don't. I don't go to the cinema.  
No, he doesn't. He doesn't go to the theatre.  
No, they don't. They don't go to the swimming pool.  
No, she doesn't. She doesn't go to the market.  
No, I don't. I don't go to the library.  
No, they don't. They don't go to a restaurant.  
No, he doesn't. He doesn't go to church.  
No, she doesn't. She doesn't go to a café.  
No, I don't. I don't go to a supermarket.  
No, they don't. They don't go to the bank.

### Exercise 6 (8.15 min.)

**Example:** *They have lunch at 1 p.m.*  
(*Obědvají v jednu hodinu.*)

They have lunch at 1 p.m.  
They have tea at 5 p.m.  
They have dinner at 6.30.  
They have coffee at 9 a.m.  
They have breakfast at 8.15.  
They have a cigarette at 9.45.  
They have a drink at 9 p.m.  
They have a shower at 10.30.

**What time do they have lunch?**

(*V kolik hodin obědvají?*)  
What time do they have lunch?  
What time do they *have tea*? (*dát si čaj*)  
What time do they *have dinner*? (*večeřet*)  
What time do they *have coffee*? (*dát si kávu*)  
What time do they *have breakfast*? (*snídat*)  
What time do they *have a cigarette*? (*dát si cigaretu*)  
What time do they *have a drink*? (*dát si sklenku*)  
What time do they *have a shower*? (*sprchovat se*)

### Exercise 7 (10.00 min.)

**Example:** *Do you have coffee at 8 a.m.?*  
(*Dáváš si kávu v 8 ráno?*)

Do you have coffee at 8 a.m.?  
Does she have a shower at 9 p.m.?  
Do they have lunch at 2.30?  
Does he have breakfast at 7.15?  
Do you have a drink at 8 p.m.?  
Does he have dinner at 5.45?  
Do they have a cigarette at 10 a.m.?  
Do you have tea at 5 p.m.?

**No, I don't have coffee at 8 a.m.**

(*Ne, nedávám si kávu v 8 ráno.*)  
No, I don't have coffee at 8 a.m.  
No, she doesn't have a shower at 9 p.m.  
No, they don't have lunch at 2.30.  
No, he doesn't have breakfast at 7.15.  
No, I don't have a drink at 8 p.m.  
No, he doesn't have dinner at 5.45.  
No, they don't have a cigarette at 10 a.m.  
No, I don't have tea at 5 p.m.

### Exercise 8 (12.00 min.)

**Example:** *Does she work in an office?*      **/in a bank**  
(*Pracuje v kanceláři?*)

**Does she work in a bank?**

Does she work in an office?	/in a bank ( <i>v bance</i> )
Does she work in a bank?	/at school ( <i>ve škole</i> )
Does she work at school?	/in a shop ( <i>v obchodě</i> )
Does she work in a shop?	/in the city centre ( <i>v centru města</i> )
Does she work in the city centre?	/in a café ( <i>v kavárně</i> )
Does she work in a café?	/for a newspaper ( <i>pro noviny</i> )

Does she work for a newspaper? /in a hotel (*v hotelu*)  
 Does she work in a hotel? /at the post office (*na poště*)  
 Does she work at the post office?

### Exercise 9 (13.35 min.)

**Example:** *Does your sister work in a bank?*  
 (*Pracuje tvá sestra v bance?*)

*No, she doesn't work in a bank.*  
 (*Ne, nepracuje v bance.*)

Does your sister work in a bank?	No, she doesn't work in a bank.
Does your father work at school?	No, he doesn't work at school.
Does your sister work in a shop?	No, she doesn't work in a shop.
Does your brother work in the city centre?	No, he doesn't work in the city centre.
Does your girlfriend work in a café?	No, she doesn't work in a café.
Does your mother work for a newspaper?	No, she doesn't work for a newspaper.
Does your uncle work in a hotel?	No, he doesn't work in a hotel.
Does your boyfriend work at the post office?	No, he doesn't work at the post office.

### Exercise 10 (15.20 min.)

**Example:** *Does she come from Japan? Does she speak Japanese?* /the USA  
 (*Pochází z Japonska? Mluví japonsky?*)

**Does she come from the USA? Does she speak English?**

Does she come from <b>Japan</b> ? Does she speak <b>Japanese</b> ?	/the USA
Does she come from <b>the USA</b> ? Does she speak <b>English</b> ?	/Brazil
Does she come from <b>Brazil</b> ? Does she speak <b>Portuguese</b> ?	/Russia
Does she come from <b>Russia</b> ? Does she speak <b>Russian</b> ?	/France
Does she come from <b>France</b> ? Does she speak <b>French</b> ?	/Qatar
Does she come from <b>Qatar</b> ? Does she speak <b>Arabic</b> ?	/Italy
Does she come from <b>Italy</b> ? Does she speak <b>Italian</b> ?	/Australia
Does she come from <b>Australia</b> ? Does she speak <b>English</b> ?	/Spain
Does she come from <b>Spain</b> ? Does she speak <b>Spanish</b> ?	/England
Does she come from <b>England</b> ? Does she speak <b>English</b> ?	

### Exercise 11 (17.45 min.)

**Example:** *Do they come from Mexico? Do they speak Spanish?* /China  
 (*Pochází z Mexika? Mluví španělsky?*)

**Do they come from China? Do they speak Chinese?**

Do they come from <b>Mexico</b> ? Do they speak <b>Spanish</b> ?	/China
Do they come from <b>China</b> ? Do they speak <b>Chinese</b> ?	/Poland
Do they come from <b>Poland</b> ? Do they speak <b>Polish</b> ?	/Germany
Do they come from <b>Germany</b> ? Do they speak <b>German</b> ?	/Egypt
Do they come from <b>Egypt</b> ? Do they speak <b>Arabic</b> ?	/Thailand
Do they come from <b>Thailand</b> ? Do they speak <b>Thai</b> ?	/Greece
Do they come from <b>Greece</b> ? Do they speak <b>Greek</b> ?	/Turkey
Do they come from <b>Turkey</b> ? Do they speak <b>Turkish</b> ?	/Sweden
Do they come from <b>Sweden</b> ? Do they speak <b>Swedish</b> ?	/Hungary
Do they come from <b>Hungary</b> ? Do they speak <b>Hungarian</b> ?	

### Exercise 12 (20.00 min.)

**Example:** *Does he play volleyball every week? /tennis*  
*(Hraje volejbal každý týden?)*

**Does he play tennis every week?**

Does he play volleyball every week?	/tennis
Does he play tennis every week?	/the guitar
Does he play the guitar every week?	/football
Does he play football every week?	/cards
Does he play cards every week?	/the piano
Does he play the piano every week?	/basketball
Does he play basketball every week?	/computer games
Does he play computer games every week?	

### Exercise 13 (21.25 min.)

**Example:** *Do you wear the watch every day? /these shoes*  
*(Nosíš ty hodinky každý den?)*

**Do you wear these shoes every day?**

Do you wear the watch every day?	/these shoes ( <i>tyto boty</i> )
Do you wear these shoes every day?	/the glasses ( <i>ty brýle</i> )
Do you wear the glasses every day?	/the skirt ( <i>tu sukni</i> )
Do you wear the skirt every day?	/the black jacket ( <i>tu černou bundu</i> )
Do you wear the black jacket every day?	/these jeans ( <i>tyto džíny</i> )
Do you wear these jeans every day?	/the ring ( <i>ten prsten</i> )
Do you wear the ring every day?	/shirts ( <i>trička</i> )
Do you wear shirts every day?	

### Exercise 14 (22.50 min.)

**Example:** *She works very well. Does she work very well?*  
*(Pracuje velmi dobře.) (Pracuje velmi dobře?)*

She works very well.	Does she work very well?
Mr. Brown works very well.	Does Mr. Brown work very well?
The computer works very well.	Does the computer work very well?
Her brother works very well.	Does her brother work very well?
It works very well.	Does it work very well?
The machine works very well.	Does the machine work very well?
The secretary works very well.	Does the secretary work very well?
Jane works very well.	Does Jane work very well?

### Exercise 15 (24.35 min.)

**Example:** *His father has a new car. Does his father have a new car?*  
*(Jeho otec má nové auto.) (Má jeho otec nové auto?)*

His father has a new car.	Does his father have a new car?
His friends have a new car.	Do his friends have a new car?
His sister has a new car.	Does his sister have a new car?
His parents have a new car.	Do his parents have a new car?
His daughter has a new car.	Does his daughter have a new car?
His teacher has a new car.	Does his teacher have a new car?
His neighbours have a new car.	Do his <i>neighbours</i> have a new car? ( <i>sousedí</i> )
His friend has new car.	Does his friend have a new car?

### Exercise 16 (26.20 min.)

**Example:** *How does Lucy get to work?* /you  
(*Jak se Lucy dostává do práce?*)

**How do you get to work?**

How does Lucy get to work?	/you
How do you get to work?	/your mother
How does your mother get to work?	/their parents
How do their parents get to work?	/his wife
How does his wife get to work?	/your friends
How do your friends get to work?	/her husband
How does her husband get to work?	/Mike
How does Mike get to work?	

### Exercise 17 (27.45 min.)

**Example:** *How does Lucy get to work?* *She goes to work by car.*  
(*Jak se Lucy dostává do práce?*) (*Jezdí do práce autem*)

How does Lucy get to work?	She goes to work by car.
How do you get to work?	I go to work by car.
How does your mother get to work?	She goes to work by car.
How do their parents get to work?	They go to work by car.
How does his wife get to work?	She goes to work by car.
How do your friends get to work?	They go to work by car.
How does her husband get to work?	He goes to work by car.
How does Mike get to work?	He goes to work by car.

### Exercise 18 (29.25 min.)

**Example:** *How many cameras do you have?* /cars  
(*Kolik máš fotáků?*)

**How many cars do you have?**

How many cameras do you have?	/cars
How many cars do you have?	/books
How many books do you have?	/keys
How many keys do you have?	/glasses
How many glasses do you have?	/shirts
How many shirts do you have?	/chairs
How many chairs do you have?	/jackets
How many jackets do you have?	

### Exercise 19 (30.45 min.)

**Example:** *Does she have a lot of friends?* /shoes  
(*Má hodně přátel?*)

**Does she have a lot of shoes?**

Does she have a lot of friends?	/shoes
Does she have a lot of shoes?	/skirts
Does she have a lot of skirts?	/problems
Does she have a lot of problems?	/bags
Does she have a lot of bags?	/magazines
Does she have a lot of magazines?	/hats
Does she have a lot of hats?	/earrings ( <i>náušnice</i> )
Does she have a lot of earrings?	

**PRESENT SIMPLE - questions - where, cvičení 1 – 17 (30 min.)****Where - kde****Exercise 1**

**Example:** *Where do you live?* /study English  
(Kde bydlíš?)

**Where do you study English?**

Where do you live?	/study English ( <i>studovat angličtinu</i> )
Where do you study English?	/relax
Where do you relax?	/park the car ( <i>parkovat auto</i> )
Where do you park the car?	/have lunch
Where do you have lunch?	/play tennis
Where do you play tennis?	/buy food ( <i>kupovat jídlo</i> )
Where do you buy food?	/listen to music ( <i>poslouchat hudbu</i> )
Where do you listen to music?	

**Exercise 2 (1.15 min.)**

**Example:** *Where does their father work?* /your friend  
(Kde pracuje jejich otec?)

**Where does your friend work?**

Where does their father work?	/your friend
Where does your friend work?	/her mother
Where does her mother work?	/his sister
Where does his sister work?	/her boyfriend ( <i>její přítel</i> )
Where does her boyfriend work?	/your wife ( <i>tvá manželka</i> )
Where does your wife work?	/Lucy
Where does Lucy work?	/her husband ( <i>její manžel</i> )
Where does her husband work?	

**Exercise 3 (2.35 min.)**

**Example:** *Where does their father work?* ***Their father works in the city centre.***  
(Kde pracuje jejich otec?) (*Jejich otec pracuje v centru města.*)

Where does their father work?	Their father works in the city centre.
Where does your friend work?	My friend works in the city centre.
Where does her mother work?	Her mother works in the city centre.
Where does his sister work?	His sister works in the city centre.
Where does her boyfriend work?	Her boyfriend works in the city centre.
Where does your wife work?	My wife works in the city centre.
Where does Lucy work?	Lucy works in the city centre.
Where does her husband work?	Her husband works in the city centre.

**Exercise 4 (4.20 min.)**

**Example:** *Where does their father work?* /in the bank ***Their father works in the bank.***  
(Kde pracuje jejich otec?) /v bance (*Jejich otec pracuje v bance.*)

Where does their father work?	/in the bank	Their father works in the bank.
Where does your friend work?	/at the cinema	My friend works at the cinema.
Where does her mother work?	/at school	Her mother works at school.
Where does his sister work?	/in a shop	His sister works in a shop.

Where does her boyfriend work? /in a supermarket	Her boyfriend works in a supermarket.
Where does your wife work? /in a hotel	My wife works in a hotel.
Where does Lucy work? /in a hospital	Lucy works in a hospital.
Where does her husband work? /in an office	Her husband works in an office.

### Exercise 5 (6.15 min.)

**Example:** ***Their father works in the bank.*** ***Where does their father work?***  
*(Jejich otec pracuje v bance.) (Kde pracuje jejich otec?)*

Their father works in the bank.	Where does their father work?
My friend works at the cinema.	Where does your friend work?
Her mother works at school.	Where does her mother work?
His sister works in a shop.	Where does his sister work?
Her boyfriend works in a supermarket.	Where does her boyfriend work?
My wife works in a hotel.	Where does your wife work?
Lucy works in a hospital.	Where does Lucy work?
Her husband works in an office.	Where does her husband work?

### Exercise 6 (7.55 min.)

**Example:** ***John plays the guitar in his room.*** ***Where does John play the guitar?***  
*(John hraje na kytaru ve svém pokoji.) (Kde hraje John na kytaru?)*

John plays the guitar in his room.	Where does John play the guitar?
My sister plays the piano <i>upstairs.</i> ( <i>nahoře, v patře</i> )	Where does your sister play the piano?
Our friends play cards <i>in the bar.</i> ( <i>v baru</i> )	Where do your friends play cards?
Jack plays basketball <i>behind the house.</i> ( <i>za domem</i> )	Where does Jack play basketball?
The boys play games <i>in the garage.</i> ( <i>v garáži</i> )	Where do the boys play games?
His girlfriend plays volleyball <i>at school.</i> ( <i>ve škole</i> )	Where does his girlfriend play volleyball?
Her husband plays golf <i>on holiday.</i> ( <i>na dovolené</i> )	Where does her husband play golf?
Their parents play chess <i>at home.</i> ( <i>doma</i> )	Where do their parents play chess?

### Exercise 7 (9.40 min.)

**Example:** ***Does John play the guitar?*** ***Yes, he plays the guitar every weekend.***  
*(Hraje John na kytaru?) (Ano, hraje na kytaru každý víkend.)*

Does John play the guitar?	Yes, he plays the guitar every weekend.
Does your sister play the piano?	Yes, she plays the piano every weekend.
Do your friends play cards?	Yes, they play cards every weekend.
Does Jack play basketball?	Yes, he plays basketball every weekend.
Do the boys play games?	Yes, they play games every weekend.
Does his girlfriend play volleyball?	Yes, she plays volleyball every weekend.
Does her husband play golf?	Yes, he plays golf every weekend.
Do their parents play chess?	Yes, they play chess every weekend.

## Where- kam

### Exercise 8 (11.35 min.)

**Example:** ***Where do you go on holiday?*** ***/want to go***  
*(Kam jezdíš/jezdíte na dovolenou?)*

***Where do you want to go?***

Where do you go on holiday?	/want to go ( <i>chtít jít</i> )
Where do you want to go?	/put your keys ( <i>pokládat své klíče</i> )
Where do you put your keys?	/go shopping ( <i>chodit nakupovat</i> )

Where do you go shopping?	/go to eat ( <i>chodit jíst</i> )
Where do you go to eat?	/go swimming ( <i>chodit plavat</i> )
Where do you go swimming?	/go on trips ( <i>jezdit na výlety</i> )
Where do you go on trips?	/travel in summer ( <i>cestovat v létě</i> )
Where do you travel in summer?	

### Exercise 9 (12.55 min.)

**Example:** **I go on holiday to the sea.**  
(*Jezdíme na dovolenou k moři.*)

I go on holiday to the sea.  
I want to go home.  
I put my keys on the shelf.  
I go shopping to a supermarket.  
I go to eat to a restaurant.  
I go swimming in the lake.  
I go on trips to big cities.  
I travel to the sea in the summer.

**Where do you go on holiday?**

(*Kam jezdíte na dovolenou?*)  
Where do you go on holiday?  
Where do you want to go?  
Where do you put your keys?  
Where do you go shopping?  
Where do you go to eat?  
Where do you go swimming?  
Where do you go on trips?  
Where do you travel in the summer?

## Where- kde, kam

### Exercise 10 (14.30 min.)

**Example:** **They go running in the park.**  
(*Chodí běhat do parku.*)

They go running in the park.  
*She parks her car in front of the house. (Parkuje své auto před domem.)*  
*This train goes to London. (Tento vlak jede do Londýna.)*  
*The plane flies to Egypt. (To letadlo letí do Egypta.)*  
*The people work in a factory. (Ti lidé pracují v továrně.)*  
*The bus goes to the mountains. (Ten autobus jezdí do hor.)*  
*He takes his children to school. (Vozí své děti do školy.)*  
*The boys put their bikes in the garage. (Ti chlapci dávají svá kola do garáže.)*  
*He walks to the pub every day. (Chodí do hospody pěšky každý den.)*  
*We want to go to the cinema. (Chceme jít do kina.)*  
*He needs to fly to Dubai. (Potřebuje letět do Dubaje.)*  
*I put my money in the pocket. (Dávám si peníze do kapsy.)*

**Where do they go running?**

(*Kam chodí běhat?*)  
Where do they go running?  
Where does she park her car?  
Where does this train go?  
Where does the plane fly?  
Where do the people work?  
Where does the bus go?  
Where does he take his children?  
Where do the boys put their bikes?  
Where does he walk every day?  
Where do you want to go?  
Where does he need to fly?  
Where do you put your money?

### Exercise 11 (16.50 min.)

**Example:** **She buys milk in a supermarket on Saturdays.**  
(*Kupuje mléko v supermarket v sobotu.*)

She **buys milk** in a supermarket on Saturdays.  
He takes his kids to school every morning.  
Their children have breakfast at home.  
They play in the garden in the afternoon.  
My son **washes his bike** in front of the garage.  
His father drives to his office on Mondays.  
Our neighbours **travel abroad** every year.  
Jane **does exercise** in the gym.  
Our teacher puts her keys in the **drawer**.

**Where does she buy milk on Saturdays?**

(*Kde kupuje mléko v sobotu?*)  
Where does she buy milk on Saturdays?  
Where does he take his kids every morning?  
Where do their children have breakfast?  
Where do they play in the afternoon?  
Where does your son wash his bike?  
Where does his father drive on Mondays?  
Where do your neighbours travel every year?  
Where does Jane do exercise?  
Where does your teacher put her keys?

She **goes to the mountains** at weekends.  
My sister puts her watch on the shelf.  
I put my watch next to the computer.

Where does she go at weekends?  
Where does your sister put her watch?  
Where do you put your watch?

*(Buy milk - kupovat mléko, wash a bike - mýt kolo, travel abroad - cestovat do/v zahraničí, do exercise - cvičit, go to the mountains - jezdit do hor)*

### Daily routine

**Exercise 12 (19.35 min.)**

**Example: What time do you wake up? /get up**

*(V kolik hodin se probouzíš/probouzíte?)*

**What time do you get up?**

What time do you wake up?	/get up ( <i>vstávat</i> )
What time do you get up?	/get dressed ( <i>oblékat se</i> )
What time do you get dressed?	/have breakfast ( <i>snídat</i> )
What time do you have breakfast?	/clean your teeth ( <i>čistit si zuby</i> )
What time do you clean your teeth?	/leave home ( <i>odcházet z domu</i> )
What time do you leave home?	/go to work ( <i>chodit do práce</i> )
What time do you go to work?	/get to work ( <i>dostat se/přijet do práce</i> )
What time do you get to work?	

**Exercise 13 (20.45 min.)**

**Example: What time does she start work? /have a coffee**

*(V kolik hodin začíná pracovat?)*

**What time does she have a coffee?**

What time does she start work?	/have a coffee
What time does she have a coffee?	/have a sandwich
What time does she have a sandwich?	/have a break ( <i>mít pauzu</i> )
What time does she have a break?	/finish work ( <i>končit práci</i> )
What time does she finish work?	/get home ( <i>dostat se /přijít domu</i> )
What time does she get home?	/have dinner
What time does she have dinner?	/go to bed ( <i>chodit spát</i> )
What time does she go to bed?	

**Exercise 14 (22.05 min.)**

**Example: Do you get up at 7.15?**

*(Vstáváš v 7.15?)*

**No, I don't get up at 7.15.**

*(Ne, nevstávám v 7.15.)*

Do you get up at 7.15?	No, I don't get up at 7.15
Does she get dressed at 7.30?	No, she doesn't get dressed at 7.30.
Do their kids have breakfast at 7.45?	No, their kids don't have breakfast at 7.45.
Does his father start work at 8.15?	No, his father doesn't start work at 8.15.
Do you leave home at 7.40?	No, I don't leave home at 7.40.
Does he have lunch at 11.45?	No, he doesn't have lunch at 11.45.
Do they get home at 6.15?	No, they don't get home at 6.15.
Do they go to bed at 11.30?	No, they don't go to bed at 11.30.



### Exercise 15 (24.15 min.)

**Example:** *She finishes work at 4 p.m.*  
(Končí práci ve 4 odpoledne.)

She finishes work at 4 p.m.  
She goes shopping at 4.30 p.m.  
She goes to the gym at 5 p.m.  
She has dinner at 6 p.m.  
She has a shower at 7.30 p.m.  
She watches TV at 8 p.m.  
She reads a book at 10 p.m.  
She goes to sleep at 11.30 p.m.

**What time does she finish work?**

(V kolik hodin končí v práci?)  
What time does she finish work?  
What time does she go shopping?  
What time does she *go to the gym*? (chodí do tělocvičny)  
What time does she *have dinner*? (večeří)  
What time does she *have a shower*? (sprchuje se)  
What time does she *watch TV*? (dívá se na televizi)  
What time does she *read a book*? (čte si knížku)  
What time does she *go to sleep*? (usíná)

### Exercise 16 (25.55 min.)

**Example:** *Paul wakes up at 6.30.*  
(Paul se probouzí v 6.30.)

Paul wakes up at half past six.  
My sister gets up at seven.  
Jane gets dressed at quarter past seven.  
Her children get dressed at half past seven.  
I make breakfast at quarter to six.  
His brother leaves home at eight.  
They go to work at half past eight.  
Her parents start work at nine.

**Does Paul wake up 6.30?**

(Probouzí se Paul v 6.30?)  
Does Paul wake up half past six?  
Does your sister get up at seven?  
Does Jane get dressed at quarter past seven?  
Do her children get dressed at half past seven?  
Do you make breakfast at quarter to six?  
Does his brother leave home at eight?  
Do they go to work at half past eight?  
Do her parents start work at nine?

### Exercise 17 (27.50 min.)

**Example:** *Does his sister go to school at 7? No, she doesn't. She doesn't go to school at 7.*  
(Chodí jeho sestra do školy v 7?) (Ne, nechodí. Nechodí do školy v 7.)

Does his sister go to school at 7?  
Do her parents start work at 8?  
Do you leave home at 7?  
Does his mother have lunch at 12?  
Does her father go shopping at 4?  
Do their children finish school at 2 p.m.?  
Do their friends get home at 6 p.m.?  
Do you go to bed at midnight?

No, she doesn't. She doesn't go to school at 7.  
No, they don't. They don't start work at 8.  
No, I don't. I don't leave home at 7.  
No, she doesn't. She doesn't have lunch at 12.  
No, he doesn't. He doesn't go shopping at 4.  
No, they don't. They don't finish school at 2 p.m.  
No, they don't. They don't get home at 6 p.m.  
No, I don't. I don't go to bed at midnight.

## PRESENT SIMPLE - *How often?*, *příslovce četnosti, once/twice a week/month/year, cvičení 1 – 33 (50 min.)*

**Exercise 1**

**Example:** *How often do you go to the cinema?* /on holiday

*(Jak často chodíš/te do kina?)*

**How often do you go on holiday?**

How often do you go to the cinema?	/on holiday ( <i>na dovolenou</i> )
How often do you go on holiday?	/to the gym ( <i>do tělocvičny, fitka</i> )
How often do you go to the gym?	/to the city ( <i>do města</i> )
How often do you go to the city?	/shopping ( <i>nakupovat</i> )
How often do you go shopping?	/to the bank ( <i>do banky</i> )
How often do you go to the bank?	/to the library ( <i>do knihovny</i> )
How often do you go to the library?	/to the dentist ( <i>k zubaři</i> )
How often do you go to the dentist?	

**Exercise 2 (1.15 min.)**

**Example:** *How often does she wear these jeans?* /these clothes

*(Jak často nosí tyto džíny?)*

**How often does she wear these clothes?**

How often does she wear these jeans?	/these clothes ( <i>toto oblečení</i> )
How often does she wear these clothes?	/the red sweater ( <i>ten červený svetr</i> )
How often does she wear the red sweater?	/the black shoes ( <i>ty černé boty</i> )
How often does she wear the black shoes?	/the white blouse ( <i>tu bílou blůzu</i> )
How often does she wear the white blouse?	/the red skirt ( <i>tu červenou sukni</i> )
How often does she wear the red skirt?	/the coat ( <i>ten kabát</i> )
How often does she wear the coat?	/the boots ( <i>ty boty</i> )
How often does she wear the boots?	

**Exercise 3 (2.35 min.)**

**Example:** *I always work on Monday.* /sleep 8 hours a day

*(Vždy pracuji v pondělí.)*

**I always sleep 8 hours a day.**

I always work on Monday.	/sleep 8 hours a day ( <i>spát 8 hodin denně</i> )
I always sleep 8 hours a day.	/get up at 6 ( <i>vstávat v 6</i> )
I always get up at 6.	/wear my watch ( <i>nosit své hodinky</i> )
I always wear my watch.	/drive to work ( <i>jezdit do práce autem</i> )
I always drive to work.	/leave home at 8 ( <i>odcházet z domu v 8</i> )
I always leave home at 8.	/have breakfast ( <i>snídat</i> )
I always have breakfast.	/go to bed late ( <i>chodit spát pozdě</i> )
I always go to bed late.	

### Exercise 4 (3.55 min.)

**Example:** *Does he always work on Mondays?* /sleep 8 hours a day  
(*Pracuje vždy v pondělí?*)

**Does he always sleep 8 hours a day?**

Does he always work on Mondays?	/sleep 8 hours a day
Does he always sleep 8 hours a day?	/get up at 6
Does he always get up at 6?	/wear my watch
Does he always wear my watch?	/drive to work
Does he always drive to work?	/leave home at 8
Does he always leave home at 8?	/have breakfast
Does he always have breakfast?	/go to bed late
Does he always go to bed late?	

### Exercise 5 (5.20 min.)

**Example:** *We usually go away at weekends.* /relax in the evening  
(*Obvykle jezdíme na víkend pryč.*)

**We usually relax in the evening.**

We usually go away at weekends.	/relax in the evening ( <i>odpočívat večer</i> )
We usually relax in the evening.	/work in the morning ( <i>pracovat ráno</i> )
We usually work in the morning.	/sleep at night ( <i>spát v noci</i> )
We usually sleep at night.	/watch TV on Thursday ( <i>dívat se na televizi ve čtvrtek</i> )
We usually watch TV on Thursday.	/go out on Fridays ( <i>chodit ven/do společnosti v pátek</i> )
We usually go out on Fridays.	/go on holiday in the summer ( <i>jezdit na dovolenou v létě</i> )
We usually go on holiday in the summer.	/meet in a café ( <i>setkávat se v kavárně</i> )
We usually meet in a café.	

### Exercise 6 (6.50 min.)

**Example:** *Do they usually go away at weekends?* /relax in the evening  
(*Jezdí obvykle na víkendy pryč?*)

**Do they usually relax in the evening?**

Do they usually go away at weekends?	/relax in the evening
Do they usually relax in the evening?	/work in the morning
Do they usually work in the morning?	/sleep at night
Do they usually sleep at night?	/watch TV on Thursday
Do they usually watch TV on Thursday?	/go out on Fridays
Do they usually go out on Fridays?	/go on holiday in the summer
Do they usually go on holiday in the summer?	/meet in a café
Do they usually meet in a café?	

### Exercise 7 (8.25 min.)

**Example:** *She often wears skirts.* /have a coffee  
(*Často nosí sukně.*)

**She often has a coffee.**

She often wears skirts.	/have a coffee ( <i>dát si kávu</i> )
She often has a coffee.	/do exercise ( <i>cvičit</i> )
She often does exercise.	/meet her friends ( <i>setkávat se s přáteli</i> )
She often meets her friends.	/play the piano ( <i>hrát na piano</i> )
She often plays the piano.	/eat fruit ( <i>jíst ovoce</i> )
She often eats fruit.	/wear make-up ( <i>nosit make up</i> )

She often wears make-up. /take photos (*fotit*)  
 She often takes photos.

### Exercise 8 (9.40 min.)

**Example:** *Does she often wear skirts?* /have a coffee  
 (*Nosí často sukně?*)

**Does she often have a coffee?**

Does she often wear skirts?	/have a coffee
Does she often have a coffee?	/do exercise
Does she often do exercise?	/meet her friends
Does she often meet her friends?	/play the piano
Does she often play the piano?	/eat fruit
Does she often eat fruit?	/wear make-up
Does she often wear make-up?	/take photos
Does she often take photos?	

### Exercise 9 (11.00 min.)

**Example:** *He sometimes goes to the pub.* /eat out  
 (*Občas chodí do hospody.*)

**He sometimes eats out.**

He sometimes goes to the pub.	/eat out ( <i>jíst venku/v restauraci atd.</i> )
He sometimes eats out.	/ride a bike ( <i>jezdit na kole</i> )
He sometimes rides a bike.	/wear sunglasses ( <i>nosit sluneční brýle</i> )
He sometimes wears sunglasses.	/listen to the radio ( <i>poslouchat rádio</i> )
He sometimes listens to the radio.	/run in the park ( <i>běhat v parku</i> )
He sometimes runs in the park.	/come home late ( <i>přicházet domů pozdě</i> )
He sometimes comes home late.	/sleep at work ( <i>spát v práci</i> )
He sometimes sleeps at work.	

### Exercise 10 (12.25 min.)

**Example:** *Do you sometimes go to the pub?* /eat out  
 (*Chodíš občas do hospody?*)

**Do you sometimes eat out?**

Do you sometimes go to the pub?	/eat out
Do you sometimes eat out?	/ride a bike
Do you sometimes ride a bike?	/wear sunglasses
Do you sometimes wear sunglasses?	/listen to the radio
Do you sometimes listen to the radio?	/run in the park
Do you sometimes run in the park?	/come home late
Do you sometimes come home late?	/sleep at work
Do you sometimes sleep at work?	

### Exercise 11 (13.45 min.)

**Example:** *They occasionally go on a trip.* /go sightseeing  
 (*Příležitostně jezdí na výlet.*)

**They occasionally go sightseeing.**

They occasionally go on a trip.	/go sightseeing ( <i>chodit po památkách, na turistická místa</i> )
They occasionally go sightseeing.	/visit a museum ( <i>navštěvovat museum</i> )
They occasionally visit a museum.	/go to the theatre ( <i>chodit do divadla</i> )
They occasionally go to the theatre.	/have a drink after work ( <i>dát si skleničku po práci</i> )

They occasionally have a drink after work.	/have some problems ( <i>mít nějaké problémy</i> )
They occasionally have some problems.	/go to the zoo ( <i>chodit do ZOO</i> )
They occasionally go to the zoo.	/eat fast food ( <i>jíst fast food</i> )
They occasionally eat fast food.	

### Exercise 12 (15.15 min.)

**Example:** *Do we occasionally go on a trip? /go sightseeing*  
(*Jezdíme příležitostně na výlet?*)

**Do we occasionally go sightseeing?**

Do we occasionally go on a trip?	/go sightseeing
Do we occasionally go sightseeing?	/visit a museum
Do we occasionally visit a museum?	/go to the theatre
Do we occasionally go to the theatre?	/have a drink after work
Do we occasionally have a drink after work?	/have some problems
Do we occasionally have some problems?	/go to the ZOO
Do we occasionally go to the ZOO?	/eat fast food
Do we occasionally eat fast food?	

### Exercise 13 (16.45 min.)

**Example:** *You hardly ever do homework. /tidy your room*  
(*Sotva kdy/téměř nikdy děláš domácí úkol.*)

**You hardly ever tidy your room.**

You hardly ever do homework.	/tidy your room ( <i>uklízet svůj pokoj</i> )
You hardly ever tidy your room.	/cook ( <i>vařit</i> )
You hardly ever cook.	/eat vegetables ( <i>jíst zeleninu</i> )
You hardly ever eat vegetables.	/drink beer ( <i>pít pivo</i> )
You hardly ever drink beer.	/wash your car ( <i>mýt své auto</i> )
You hardly ever wash your car.	/clean windows ( <i>umývat okna</i> )
You hardly ever clean windows.	/do sport ( <i>sportovat</i> )
You hardly ever do sport.	

### Exercise 14 (18.05 min.)

**Example:** *I rarely get presents. /use my computer*  
(*Zřídka/ne často dostávám dárky.*)

**I rarely use my computer.**

I rarely get presents.	/use my computer ( <i>používat svůj počítač</i> )
I rarely use my computer.	/give people money ( <i>dávat lidem peníze</i> )
I rarely give people money.	/argue with people ( <i>hádat se s lidmi</i> )
I rarely argue with people.	/get sick ( <i>onemocnět</i> )
I rarely get sick.	/get angry ( <i>rozzlobit se</i> )
I rarely get angry.	/use the phone ( <i>používat ten telefon</i> )
I rarely use the phone.	/get emails ( <i>dostávat emaily</i> )
I rarely get emails.	

### Exercise 15 (19.25 min.)

**Example:** *She sometimes smokes. How often does she smoke?*  
(*Občas kouří.*) (*Jak často kouří?*)

She sometimes smokes.	How often does she smoke?
She always runs.	How often does she <i>run</i> ? ( <i>běhá</i> )
She rarely complains.	How often does she <i>complain</i> ? ( <i>stěžuje si</i> )

She often shouts.  
 She hardly ever draws.  
 She never paints.  
 She sometimes sings.  
 She often laughs.

How often does she *shout*? (*křičí*)  
 How often does she *draw*? (*kreslí*)  
 How often does she *paint*? (*maluje*)  
 How often does she *sing*? (*zpívá*)  
 How often does she *laugh*? (*směje se*)

### Exercise 16 (20.55 min.)

**Example:** *How often does she smoke?*  
 (*Jak často kouří?*)

How often does she smoke?  
 How often does she run?  
 How often does she complain?  
 How often does she shout?  
 How often does she draw?  
 How often does she paint?  
 How often does she sing?  
 How often does she laugh?

**She never smokes.**  
 (*Nikdy nekouří.*)

She never smokes.  
 She never runs.  
 She never complains.  
 She never shouts.  
 She never draws.  
 She never paints.  
 She never sings.  
 She never laughs.

### Exercise 17 (22.15 min.)

**Example:** *I sometimes speak French.*  
 (*Občas mluvím francouzsky.*)

I sometimes speak French.  
 They hardly ever ride a bike.  
 He usually walks to work.  
 She often takes photos.  
 I rarely do yoga.  
 He always uses a computer.  
 They occasionally play loud music.  
 She sometimes wears make-up.

**How often do you speak French?**  
 (*Jak často mluvíš francouzsky?*)

How often do you speak French?  
 How often do they ride a bike?  
 How often does *he walk to work*? (*chodí do práce pěšky*)  
 How often does she take photos?  
 How often do *you do yoga*? (*děláš jógu*)  
 How often does he use a computer?  
 How often do *they play loud music*? (*pouští hlasitou hudbu*)  
 How often does she wear make-up?

### Exercise 18 (23.45 min.)

**Example:** *How often do you speak French? I never speak French.*  
 (*Jak často mluvíš francouzsky?*) (*Nikdy nemluvím francouzsky.*)

How often do you speak French?  
 How often do they ride a bike?  
 How often does he walk to work?  
 How often does she take photos?  
 How often do you do yoga?  
 How often does he use a computer?  
 How often do they play loud music?  
 How often does she wear make-up?

I never speak French.  
 They never ride a bike.  
 He never walks to work.  
 She never takes photos.  
 I never do yoga.  
 He never uses a computer.  
 They never play loud music.  
 She never wears make-up.

### Exercise 19 (25.15 min.)

**Example:** *Mike always speaks English at work.*  
 (*Mike v práci mluví vždy anglicky.*)

Mike always speaks English at work.  
 Jessica always tidies her room.  
 Your father always parks his car in the garage.  
 The students always do homework.  
 The girls always come late.

**No, he doesn't always speak English at work.**  
 (*Ne, on vždy nemluví v práci anglicky.*)

No, he doesn't always speak English at work.  
 No, she doesn't always tidy her room.  
 No, he doesn't always park his car in the garage.  
 No, they don't always do homework.  
 No, they don't always come late.

Lucy always helps friends.  
His uncle always gives him money.  
His sister always does housework.

No, she doesn't always help friends.  
No, he doesn't always give him money.  
No, she doesn't always do housework.

### Exercise 20 (27.10 min.)

**Example:** *Pilots often fly at night.*

*(Piloti často létají v noci.)*

**Do pilots often fly at night?**

*(Létají piloti často v noci?)*

Pilots often fly at night.	Do pilots often fly at night?
Doctors often wear white coats.	<i>Do doctors often wear white coats? (Nosí doktoři bílé pláště?)</i>
Students often want homework.	<i>Do students often want homework? (Chtějí studenti často domácí úkol?)</i>
Receptionists often speak more languages.	<i>Do receptionists often speak more languages? (... mluví více jazyky?)</i>
Politicians often lie.	<i>Do politicians often lie? (Lžou politici často?)</i>
Journalists often travel.	<i>Do journalists often travel? (Cestují novináři často?)</i>
Kids often eat fast food.	<i>Do kids often eat fast food? (Jí děti často fast food?)</i>
Singers often give concerts.	<i>Do singers often give concerts? (Dělají zpěváci často koncerty?)</i>

### Exercise 21 (29.00 min.)

**Example:** *She usually works at weekends.*

*(Obvykle pracuje o víkendech.)*

**How often does she work at weekends?**

*(Jak často pracuje o víkendech?)*

She usually works at weekends.	How often does she work at weekends?
They usually work in the garden.	How often do they work in the garden?
He usually reads a magazine in the morning.	How often does he read a magazine in the morning?
He usually helps his wife in the house.	How often does he help his wife in the house?
They usually buy food on Mondays.	How often do they buy food on Mondays?
She usually studies on Friday evening.	How often does she study on Friday evening?
I usually come home late.	How often do you come home late?
It usually works very well.	How often does it work very well?

### Exercise 22 (30.45 min.)

**Example:** *She usually works at weekends.*

*(Obvykle pracuje o víkendech.)*

**No, she hardly ever works at weekends.**

*(Ne, ona sotva kdy pracuje o víkendech.)*

She usually works at weekends.	No, she hardly ever works at weekends.
They usually work in the garden.	No, they hardly ever work in the garden.
He usually reads a magazine in the morning.	No, he hardly ever reads a magazine in the morning.
He usually helps his wife in the house.	No, he hardly ever helps his wife in the house.
They usually buy food on Mondays.	No, they hardly ever buy food on Mondays.
She usually studies on Friday evening.	No, she hardly ever studies on Friday evening.
I usually come home late.	No, you hardly ever come home late.
It usually works very well.	No, it hardly ever works very well.

### Exercise 23 (32.40 min.)

**Example:** *Kids always eat a lot of fast food.*

*(Děti jí vždy hodně fast food.)*

**/usually**

**Kids usually eat a lot of fast food.**

Kids always eat a lot of fast food.	/usually
Kids usually eat a lot of fast food.	/often
Kids often eat a lot of fast food.	/sometimes
Kids sometimes eat a lot of fast food.	/occasionally
Kids occasionally eat a lot of fast food.	/hardly ever
Kids hardly ever eat a lot of fast food.	/rarely

Kids rarely eat a lot of fast food. /never  
 Kids never eat a lot of fast food.

### Exercise 24 (34.10 min.)

**Example:** *He never takes his kids to school.* /rarely  
 (*Nikdy nebere své děti do školy.*)

**He rarely takes his kids to school.**

He never takes his kids to school. /rarely  
 He rarely takes his kids to school. /hardly ever  
 He hardly ever takes his kids to school. /occasionally  
 He occasionally takes his kids to school. /sometimes  
 He sometimes takes his kids to school. /often  
 He often takes his kids to school. /usually  
 He usually takes his kids to school. /always  
 He always takes his kids to school.

### Exercise 25 (35.35 min.)

**Example:** *She always makes the bed.* **How often does she make the bed?**  
 (*Vždy si ustele postel.*) (*Jak často si ustele postel?*)

She always makes the bed. How often does she make the bed?  
 He washes his car every day. How often does he wash his car?  
 We watch TV every evening. How often do you watch TV?  
 I often go by bus. How often do you go by bus?  
 They never play cards. How often do they play cards?  
 She usually wears make-up. How often does she wear make-up?  
 He rarely works in the garden. How often does he work in the garden?  
 They often see a film. How often do they see a film?

## ONCE A WEEK, TWICE A YEAR

### Exercise 26 (37.10 min.)

**Example:** *How often do you call your parents?* /clean your room  
 (*Jak často voláš svým rodičům?*)

**How often do you clean your room?**

How often do you call your parents? /clean your room (*uklízet svůj pokoj*)  
 How often do you clean your room? /have lunch with friends (*obědvat s přáteli*)  
 How often do you have lunch with friends? /cook lunch (*vařit oběd*)  
 How often do you cook lunch? /take a taxi (*jet taxíkem*)  
 How often do you take a taxi? /eat chocolate (*jíst čokoládu*)  
 How often do you eat chocolate? /go swimming (*chodit plavat*)  
 How often do you go swimming? /meet your friends (*setkávat se s přáteli*)  
 How often do you meet your friends?

### Exercise 27 (38.30 min.)

**Example:** *How often do you call your parents?* **I call my parents once a week.**  
 (*Jak často voláš svým rodičům?*) (*Volám svým rodičům jednou týdně.*)

How often do you call your parents? I call my parents once a week.  
 How often do you clean your room? I clean my room once a week.  
 How often do you have lunch with friends? I have lunch with friends once a week.



How often do you cook lunch?	I cook lunch once a week.
How often do you take a taxi?	I take a taxi once a week.
How often do you eat chocolate?	I eat chocolate once a week.
How often do you go swimming?	I go swimming once a week.
How often do you meet your friends?	I meet my friends once a week.

### Exercise 28 (40.05 min.)

**Example:** *How often does he travel abroad? /by bus*

*(Jak často cestuje do zahraničí?)*

**How often does he travel by bus?**

How often does he travel abroad?	/by bus ( <i>autobusem</i> )
How often does he travel by bus?	/first class ( <i>první třídou</i> )
How often does he travel first class?	/by car ( <i>autem</i> )
How often does he travel by car?	/by train ( <i>vlakem</i> )
How often does he travel by train?	/by coach ( <i>dálkovým autobusem</i> )
How often does he travel by coach?	/by plane ( <i>letadlem</i> )
How often does he travel by plane?	/the country ( <i>po zemi - myšleno po republice</i> )
How often does he travel the country?	

### Exercise 29 (41.30 min.)

**Example:** *How often does he travel abroad?*

*(Jak často cestuje do zahraničí?)*

***He travels abroad twice a week.***

*(Cestuje do zahraničí dvakrát týdně.)*

How often does he travel abroad?	He travels abroad twice a week.
How often does he travel by bus?	He travels by bus twice a week.
How often does he travel first class?	He travels first class twice a week.
How often does he travel by car?	He travels by car twice a week.
How often does he travel by train?	He travels by train twice a week.
How often does he travel by coach?	He travels by coach twice a week.
How often does he travel by plane?	He travels by plane twice a week.
How often does he travel the country?	He travels the country twice a week.

### Exercise 30 (43.10 min.)

**Example:** *How often do they go skiing? /to an art gallery*

*(Jak často chodí lyžovat?)*

**How often do they go to an art gallery?**

How often do they go skiing?	/to an art gallery ( <i>do umělecké galerie</i> )
How often do they go to an art gallery?	/to the doctor ( <i>k lékaři</i> )
How often do they go to the doctor?	/to the dentist ( <i>k zubaři</i> )
How often do they go to the dentist?	/to the ZOO ( <i>do ZOO</i> )
How often do they go to the ZOO?	/to the mountains ( <i>do hor</i> )
How often do they go to the mountains?	/to the sea ( <i>k moři</i> )
How often do they go to the sea?	/on vacation ( <i>na dovolenou</i> )
How often do they go on vacation?	

### Exercise 31 (44.40 min.)

**Example:** *How often do they go skiing?*

*(Jak často jezdí lyžovat?)*

***They go skiing twice a year.***

*(Jezdí lyžovat dvakrát ročně.)*

How often do they go skiing?	They go skiing twice a year.
How often do they go to an art gallery?	They go to an art gallery twice a year.
How often do they go to the doctor?	They go to the doctor twice a year.

How often do they go to the dentist?

They go to the dentist twice a year.

How often do they go to the ZOO?

They go to the ZOO twice a year.

How often do they go to the mountains?

They go to the mountains twice a year.

How often do they go to the sea?

They go to the sea twice a year.

How often do they go on vacation?

They go on vacation twice a year.

### Exercise 32 (46.20 min.)

**Example:** *How often does he buy a new suitcase?*

*He buys a new suitcase every two years.*

*(Jak často kupuje nový kufr?)*

*(Kupuje nový kufr každé dva roky.)*

How often does he buy a new suitcase?

He buys a new suitcase every two years.

How often do they buy a new computer?

They buy a new computer every two years.

How often does she buy a new dress?

She buys a new dress every two years.

How often do they buy a new car?

They buy a new car every two years.

How often do you buy a new jacket?

I buy a new jacket every two years.

How often does she buy a new mobile?

She buys a new mobile every two years.

How often does he buy a new notebook?

He buys a new notebook every two years.

How often do you buy a new suit?

I buy a new suit every two years.

### Exercise 33 (48.15 min.)

**Example:** *Does she tidy her room twice a month?*

*No, she doesn't. She tidies her room four times a month.*

*(Uklízí svůj pokoj dvakrát měsíčně?)*

*(Ne, neuklízí. Uklízí svůj pokoj čtyřikrát měsíčně.)*

Does she tidy her room twice a month?

No, she doesn't. She tidies her room four times a month.

Do you **sweep the floor** twice a month?

No, I don't. I sweep the floor four times a month.

Does he wash the car twice a month?

No, he doesn't. He washes the car four times a month.

Does she **mop the floor** twice a month?

No, she doesn't. She mops the floor four times a month.

Do they **do the washing** twice a month?

No, they don't. They do the washing four times a month.

Does he cook twice a month?

No, he doesn't. He cooks four times a month.

Does she **do the ironing** twice a month?

No, she doesn't. She does the ironing four times a month.

Does he **do the washing up** twice a month?

No, he doesn't. He does the washing up four times a month.

*(sweep the floor - zametat podlahu, mop the floor - umývat podlahu, do the washing - práť, do the ironing - žehlit, do the washing up - umývat nádobí)*

## Present simple - Love + ing, pronouns- me, him, her, us etc., can/can't, cvičení 1 – 29 (46 min.)

**Exercise 1**

**Example:** *She loves doing yoga in the afternoon.* /run in the morning  
(Velmi ráda dělá jógu odpoledne.)

**She loves running in the morning.**

She loves doing yoga in the afternoon.	/run in the morning ( <i>běhat ráno</i> )
She loves running in the morning.	/watch TV in the evening ( <i>dívat se večer na TV</i> )
She loves watching TV in the evening.	/buy clothes at weekends ( <i>kupovat oblečení o víkendu</i> )
She loves buying clothes at weekends.	/play the piano on Sunday ( <i>hrát v neděli na piano</i> )
She loves playing the piano on Sunday.	/chat with friends at night ( <i>povídat si večer s přáteli</i> )
She loves chatting with friends at night.	/eat chocolates on her birthday ( <i>jíst čoko. bonbóny na své narozeniny</i> )
She loves eating chocolates on her birthday.	/go clubbing on Saturday night ( <i>chodit v sobotu večer po klubech</i> )
She loves going clubbing on Saturday night.	

**Exercise 2 (1.35 min.)**

**Example:** *They hate working at weekends.* /clean the house  
(Nesnáší pracovat o víkendech.)

**They hate cleaning the house.**

They hate working at weekends.	/clean the house ( <i>uklízet dům</i> )
They hate cleaning the house.	/mop the floor ( <i>vytírat podlahu</i> )
They hate mopping the floor.	/wash the dishes ( <i>umývat nádobí</i> )
They hate washing the dishes.	/do the laundry ( <i>prát</i> )
They hate doing the laundry.	/clean windows ( <i>umývat okna</i> )
They hate cleaning windows.	/do housework ( <i>dělat domácí práce</i> )
They hate doing housework.	/cook dinner ( <i>vařit večeři</i> )
They hate cooking dinner.	

**Exercise 3 (2.55 min.)**

**Example:** *He doesn't like studying.* /do homework  
(Nelíbí se mu/nemá rád studování.)

**He doesn't like doing homework.**

He doesn't like studying.	/do homework ( <i>dělat domácí úkoly</i> )
He doesn't like doing homework.	/go to school ( <i>chodit do školy</i> )
He doesn't like going to school.	/learn new things ( <i>učit se nové věci</i> )
He doesn't like learning new things.	/do sport ( <i>sportovat</i> )
He doesn't like doing sport.	/visit museums ( <i>navštěvovat muzea</i> )
He doesn't like visiting museums.	/work in the garden ( <i>pracovat na zahradě</i> )
He doesn't like working in the garden.	/help around the house ( <i>pomáhat s/v domě</i> )
He doesn't like helping around the house.	

**Exercise 4 (4.25 min.)**

**Example:** *We enjoy going to theme parks in the summer.* /go sightseeing  
(V létě nás baví chodit do zábavných parků.)

**We enjoy going sightseeing in the summer.**

We enjoy going to theme parks in the summer.	/go sightseeing ( <i>navštěvovat turistická místa/památky</i> )
We enjoy going sightseeing in the summer.	/sunbathe ( <i>opalovat se</i> )

We enjoy sunbathing in the summer.	/go on trips ( <i>jezdit na výlety</i> )
We enjoy going on trips in the summer.	/sail ( <i>plachtit, projíždět na lodi</i> )
We enjoy sailing in the summer.	/camp ( <i>kempovat</i> )
We enjoy camping in the summer.	/ride a bike ( <i>jezdit na kole</i> )
We enjoy riding a bike in the summer.	/visit castles ( <i>navštěvovat hrady</i> )
We enjoy visiting castles in the summer.	

### Exercise 5 (5.55 min.)

**Example:** *Does she often dance?* **Yes, she does. She loves dancing.**  
*(Tančí často?) (Ano, tančí. Miluje tančení.)*

Does she often dance?	Yes, she does. She loves dancing.
Does he often play football?	Yes, he does. He loves playing football.
Do they often <b>swim</b> ?	Yes, they do. They love swimming.
Does she often <b>ski</b> ?	Yes, she does. She loves skiing.
Do you often <b>listen to music</b> ?	Yes, I do. I love listening to music.
Does she often <b>shop</b> ?	Yes, she does. She loves shopping.
Do they often <b>eat out</b> ?	Yes, they do. They love eating out.
Do you often <b>read</b> ?	Yes, I do. I love reading.

*(swim - plavat, ski - lyžovat, listen to music - poslouchat hudbu, shop - nakupovat, eat out - chodit jíst ven, read - číst)*

### Exercise 6 (7.40 min.)

**Example:** *Do they often work at weekends?* **No, they don't. They hate working at weekends.**  
*(Pracují často o víkendu?) (Ne, nepracují. Nesnáší pracovat o víkendu.)*

Do they often <b>work at weekends</b> ?	No, they don't. They hate working at weekends.
Do you often <b>get up early</b> ?	No, I don't. I hate getting up early.
Does she often <b>do the ironing</b> ?	No, she doesn't. She hates doing the ironing.
Does he often <b>make the bed</b> ?	No, he doesn't. He hates making the bed.
Do you often <b>tidy your room</b> ?	No, I don't. I hate tidying my room.
Do they often <b>walk</b> ?	No, they don't. They hate walking.
Does he often <b>buy clothes</b> ?	No, he doesn't. He hates buying clothes.
Does she often <b>travel by plane</b> ?	No, she doesn't. She hates travelling by plane.

*(get up early - vstávat brzy, do the ironing - žehlit, make the bed - stlát postel, tidy your room - uklízet svůj pokoj, walk - chodit pěšky, buy clothes - kupovat oblečení, travel by plane - cestovat letadlem)*

### Exercise 7 (9.45 min.)

**Example:** *Does she like shopping?* **/go to a café**  
*(Má ráda nakupování?)*

**Does she like going to a café?**

Does she like shopping?	/go to a café ( <i>chodit do kavárny</i> )
Does she like going to a café?	/try on clothes ( <i>zkoušet oblečení</i> )
Does she like trying on clothes?	/meet her friends ( <i>setkávat se s přáteli</i> )
Does she like meeting her friends?	/drive ( <i>jezdit autem</i> )
Does she like driving?	/wear skirts ( <i>nosit sukně</i> )
Does she like wearing skirts?	/talk about fashion ( <i>mluvit o módě</i> )
Does she like talking about fashion?	/travel abroad ( <i>cestovat do zahraničí</i> )
Does she like travelling abroad?	

### Exercise 8 (11.10 min.)

**Example:** *Does he enjoy working with a computer? /paint*

*(Baví ho pracovat s počítačem?)*

**Does he enjoy painting?**

Does he enjoy working with a computer?	/paint ( <i>malovat</i> )
Does he enjoy painting?	/repair cars ( <i>opravovat auta</i> )
Does he enjoy repairing cars?	/play basketball ( <i>hrát basketbal</i> )
Does he enjoy playing basketball?	/work in the garden ( <i>pracovat na zahradě</i> )
Does he enjoy working in the garden?	/look after kids ( <i>starat se o děti</i> )
Does he enjoy looking after kids?	/go to bars ( <i>chodit do barů</i> )
Does he enjoy going to bars?	/play computer games ( <i>hrát počítačové hry</i> )
Does he enjoy playing computer games?	

### Exercise 9 (12.40 min.)

**Example:** *Do you like eating fast food? /grow vegetables*

*(Jíš rád fast food?)*

**Do you like growing vegetables?**

Do you like eating fast food?	/grow vegetables ( <i>pěstovat zeleninu</i> )
Do you like growing vegetables?	/drink milk ( <i>pít mléko</i> )
Do you like drinking milk?	/eat organic food ( <i>jíst bio stravu</i> )
Do you like eating organic food?	/prepare a chicken salad ( <i>připravit kuřecí salát</i> )
Do you like preparing a chicken salad?	/drink fruit cocktails ( <i>pít ovocné koktejly</i> )
Do you like drinking fruit cocktails?	/eat fresh fruit ( <i>jíst čerstvé ovoce</i> )
Do you like eating fresh fruit?	/drink orange juice ( <i>pít pomerančový džus</i> )
Do you like drinking orange juice?	

### Exercise 10 (14.05 min.)

**Example:** *Does Jane eat vegetables?*

*(Jí Jane zeleninu?)*

**No, she doesn't. She hates vegetables.**

*(Ne, nejí. Nesnáší zeleninu.)*

Does Jane eat vegetables?	No, she doesn't. She hates vegetables.
Does your father drink milk?	No, he doesn't. He hates milk.
Do you eat fast food?	No, I don't. I hate fast food.
Do your parents grow vegetables?	No, they don't. They hate vegetables.
Does your girlfriend drink orange juice?	No, she doesn't. She hates orange juice.
Does her brother eat organic food?	No, he doesn't. He hates organic food.
Do your friends drink fruit cocktails?	No, they don't. They hate fruit cocktails.
Does your husband eat fresh fruit?	No, he doesn't. He hates fresh fruit.

## ME, YOU, HIM, HER, IT, US, THEM

### Exercise 11 (16.05 min.)

**Example:** *Does she always work with Jane? /meet Lucy in a café*

*(Pracuje vždy s Jane?)*

**Does she always meet Lucy in a café?**

Does she always work with Jane?	/meet Lucy in a café ( <i>setkávat se s Lucy v kavárně</i> )
Does she always meet Lucy in a café?	/call her mother at weekends ( <i>volat matce o vikendu</i> )
Does she always call her mother at weekends?	/travel with her sister ( <i>cestovat se svou sestrou</i> )
Does she always travel with her sister?	/take her daughter to school ( <i>brát svou dceru do školy</i> )
Does she always take her daughter to school?	/visit her grandma on Friday ( <i>navštěvovat svou babičku v pátek</i> )

Does she always visit her grandma on Friday? /speak about this actress (*mluvit o této herečce*)  
 Does she always speak about this actress? /argue with her aunt (*hádat se se svou tetou*)  
 Does she always argue with her aunt?

### Exercise 12 (17.50 min.)

**Example:** **Does she always work with Jane?**

(*Pracuje vždy s Jane?*)

**Yes, she always works with her.**

(*Ano, ona s ní vždy pracuje.*)

Does she always work with Jane? Yes, she always works with her.  
 Does she always meet Lucy in a café? Yes, she always meets her in a café.  
 Does she always call her mother at weekends? Yes, she always calls her at weekends.  
 Does she always travel with her sister? Yes, she always travels with her.  
 Does she always take her daughter to school? Yes, she always takes her to school.  
 Does she always visit her grandma on Friday? Yes, she always visits her on Friday.  
 Does she always speak about this actress? Yes, she always speaks about her.  
 Does she always argue with her aunt? Yes, she always argues with her.

### Exercise 13 (19.50 min.)

**Example:** **Does he sometimes play with his son? /talk to his father**

(*Hraje si občas se svým synem?*)

**Does he sometimes talk to his father?**

Does he sometimes play with his son? /talk to his father (*hovořit se svým otcem*)  
 Does he sometimes talk to his father? /argue with his brother (*hádat se se svým bratrem*)  
 Does he sometimes argue with his brother? /shout at Jack (*křičet na Jacka*)  
 Does he sometimes shout at Jack? /smile at his boss (*usmívat se na svého šéfa*)  
 Does he sometimes smile at his boss? /need help from Paul (*potřebovat pomoc od Paula*)  
 Does he sometimes need help from Paul? /borrow money from his uncle (*půjčit peníze od svého strýce*)  
 Does he sometimes borrow money from his uncle? /take a picture of his son (*fotit svého syna*)  
 Does he sometimes take a picture of his son?

### Exercise 14 (21.30 min.)

**Example:** **Does he sometimes play with his son?**

(*Hraje si občas se svým synem?*)

**No, he never plays with him.**

(*Ne, nikdy si s ním nehraje.*)

Does he sometimes play with his son? No, he never plays with him.  
 Does he sometimes talk to his father? No, he never talks to him.  
 Does he sometimes argue with his brother? No, he never argues with him.  
 Does he sometimes shout at Jack? No, he never shouts at him.  
 Does he sometimes smile at his boss? No, he never smiles at him.  
 Does he sometimes need help from Paul? No, he never needs help from him.  
 Does he sometimes borrow money from his uncle? No, he never borrows money from him.  
 Does he sometimes take a picture of his son? No, he never takes a picture of him.

### Exercise 15 (23.25 min.)

**Example:** **How often do you wear these clothes?**

(*Jak často nosíš tyto oděvy/oblečení?*)

**I often wear them.**

(*Nosím je často.*)

How often do you wear these clothes? I often wear them.  
 How often do you **help your parents**? I often help them.  
 How often do you **use these computers**? I often use them.  
 How often do you **drive those cars**? I often drive them.  
 How often do you **write reports**? I often write them.  
 How often do you **buy tissues**? I often buy them.

How often do you **go to the meetings**? I often go to them.  
 How often do you **wait for your friends**? I often wait for them.

*(help your parents - pomáhat svým rodičům, use these computers - používat tyto počítače, drive those cars - řídit tamta auta, write reports - psát zprávy, buy tissues - kupovat kapesníky, go to the meetings - chodit na porady, wait for your friends - čekat na své přátele)*

### Exercise 16 (24.55 min.)

**Example:** *Do you like your job?* **Yes, I like it very much.**  
*(Líbí se ti tvá práce?) (Ano, moc se mi líbí.)*

Do you like your job? Yes, I like it very much.  
 Do you like my sister? Yes, I like her very much.  
 Do you like her parents? Yes, I like them very much.  
 Do you like our garden? Yes, I like it very much.  
 Do you like my books? Yes, I like them very much.  
 Do you like her boyfriend? Yes, I like him very much.  
 Do you like me? Yes, I like you very much.  
 Do you like his car? Yes, I like it very much.

### Exercise 17 (26.30 min.)

**Example:** *Do they often carry an umbrella?* **/the blue bag**  
*(Nosí často deštník?)*

**Do they often carry the blue bag?**

Do they often carry an umbrella? /the blue bag *(tu modrou tašku)*  
 Do they often carry the blue bag? /a briefcase *(aktovku)*  
 Do they often carry a briefcase? /a gun *(zbraň)*  
 Do they often carry a gun? /the black handbag *(tu černou kabelku)*  
 Do they often carry the black handbag? /the backpack *(ten batoh)*  
 Do they often carry the backpack? /a knife *(nůž)*  
 Do they often carry a knife? /the basket *(košík)*  
 Do they often carry the basket?

### Exercise 18 (27.55 min.)

**Example:** *Do you often carry an umbrella?* **No, I hardly ever carry it.**  
*(Nosíš často deštník?) (Ne, sotva kdy ho nosím.)*

Do you often carry an umbrella? No, I hardly ever carry it.  
 Does she often **wear a uniform**? No, she hardly ever wears it.  
 Do they often carry the gun? No, they hardly ever carry it.  
 Does he often **wear his watch**? No, he hardly ever wears it.  
 Do you often carry the backpack? No, I hardly ever carry it.  
 Does she often **wear the blue scarf**? No, she hardly ever wears it.  
 Do they often **carry luggage**? No, they hardly ever carry it.  
 Does she often **wear the white hat**? No, she hardly ever wears it.

*(wear a uniform - nosit uniformu, wear his watch - nosit své hodinky, wear the blue scarf - nosit ten modrý šátek/šálu, carry luggage - nosit zavazadla, wear the white hat - nosit ten bílý klobouk/čepici)*

**Exercise 19 (29.40 min.)**

<b>Example:</b>	<b>Does he live with Jessica?</b> (Žije/bydlí s Jessicou?)	<b>Yes, he lives with her.</b> (Ano, bydlí/žije s ní.)
	Does he live with Jessica?	Yes, he lives with her.
	Do you often <b>think about Lucy</b> ?	Yes, I often think about her.
	Do they work with these people?	Yes, they work with them.
	Does she <b>go out with Paul</b> ?	Yes, she goes out with him.
	Do you often <b>wait for me</b> ?	Yes, I often wait for you.
	Does he play with his kids?	Yes, he plays with them.
	Do they <b>use the car</b> every day?	Yes, they use it every day.
	Do you <b>buy a newspaper</b> every morning?	Yes, I buy it every morning.

*(think about Lucy - myslet na Lucy, go out with Paul - chodit s Paulem, wait for me - čekat na mě, use the car - používat to auto, buy a newspaper - kupovat noviny)*

## CAN, CAN'T

**Exercise 20 (31.25 min.)**

**Example:** **Can you speak Spanish? /sing**  
(Umíš mluvit španělsky?)  
**Can you sing?**

Can you speak Spanish?	/sing (zpívat)
Can you sing?	/run 5km (běžet 5km)
Can you run 5km?	/paint (malovat)
Can you paint?	/cook (vařit)
Can you cook?	/drive (řídit auto)
Can you drive?	/ride a horse (jezdit na koni)
Can you ride a horse?	/draw (kreslit)
Can you draw?	

**Exercise 21 (32.30 min.)**

**Example:** **Can you speak Spanish? Yes, I can speak Spanish.**  
(Umíš mluvit španělsky?) (Ano, umím mluvit španělsky.)

Can you speak Spanish?	Yes, I can speak Spanish.
Can you sing?	Yes, I can sing.
Can you run 5km?	Yes, I can run 5km.
Can you paint?	Yes, I can paint.
Can you cook?	Yes, I can cook.
Can you drive?	Yes, I can drive.
Can you ride a horse?	Yes, I can ride a horse.
Can you draw?	Yes, I can draw.

**Exercise 22 (33.55 min.)**

<b>Example:</b>	<b>She can ride a motorbike.</b> (Ona umí jezdit na motorce.)	<b>No, she can't ride a motorbike.</b> (Ne, neumí jezdit na motorce.)
	She can ride a motorbike.	No, she can't ride a motorbike.
	They can speak Italian.	No, they can't speak Italian.
	He can repair cars.	No, he can't repair cars. (opravovat auta)



You can build a wall.

She can swim.

They can dance.

He can take a nice photo.

You can ski.

No, you can't *build a wall*. (*postavít zed'*)

No, she can't *swim*. (*plavat*)

No, they can't *dance*. (*tančit*)

No, he can't *take a nice photo*. (*udělat pěknou fotku*)

No, you can't *ski*. (*lyžovat*)

### Exercise 23 (35.30 min.)

**Example:** *She can ride a motorbike.*

(*Ona umí jezdit na motorce.*)

She can ride a motorbike.

They can speak Italian.

He can repair cars.

You can build a wall.

You can ski.

They can dance.

He can take a nice photo.

She can swim.

**Can she ride a motorbike?**

(*Umí jezdit na motorce?*)

Can she ride a motorbike?

Can they speak Italian?

Can he repair cars?

Can you build a wall?

Can you ski?

Can they dance?

Can he take a nice a photo?

Can she swim?

### Exercise 24 (36.55 min.)

**Example:** *She can make a phone call.*

(*Ona umí zavolat.*)

She can make a phone call.

He can use a computer.

They can swim.

We can play chess.

I can read.

She can write articles.

They can build a house.

He can play cards.

**No, she can't. She can't make a phone call.**

(*Ne, neumí. Ona neumí zavolat.*)

No, she can't. She can't make a phone call.

No, he can't. He can't *use a computer*. (*používat počítač*)

No, they can't. They can't swim.

No, you can't. You can't *play chess*. (*hrát šachy*)

No, you can't. You can't *read*. (*číst*)

No, she can't. She can't *write articles*. (*psát články*)

No, they can't. They can't *build a house*. (*postavít dům*)

No, he can't. He can't *play cards*. (*hrát karty*)

### Exercise 25 (38.50 min.)

**Example:** *Can we do it now?* /go home

(*Můžeme to udělat teď?*)

**Can we go home now?**

Can we do it now?

/go home (*jít domů*)

Can we go home now?

/read it (*přečíst to*)

Can we read it now?

/go swimming (*jít plavat*)

Can we go swimming now?

/buy it (*koupit to*)

Can we buy it now?

/take it (*vzít to*)

Can we take it now?

/come (*přijít*)

Can we come now?

/talk (*promluvit si*)

Can we talk now?

### Exercise 26 (40.00 min.)

**Example:** *Can he start work?* /call the manager

(*Může začít pracovat?*)

**Can he call the manager?**

Can he start work?

/call the manager (*zavolat manažera*)

Can he call the manager?

/close the door (*zavřít dveře*)

Can he close the door?

/open the window (*otevřít okno*)

Can he open the window?	/turn on the TV ( <i>zapnout televizi</i> )
Can he turn on the TV?	/apologise ( <i>omluvit se</i> )
Can he apologise?	/turn off the lights ( <i>vypnout světla</i> )
Can he turn off the lights?	/write the report ( <i>napsat tu zprávu</i> )
Can he write the report?	

### Exercise 27 (41.15 min.)

**Example:** *Can we stay in this hotel?* /travel by plane

(*Můžeme bydlet v tomto hotelu?*)

**Can we travel by plane?**

Can we stay in this hotel?	/travel by plane ( <i>cestovat letadlem</i> )
Can we travel by plane?	/go to the sea ( <i>jet k moři</i> )
Can we go to the sea?	/go by boat ( <i>jet lodí</i> )
Can we go by boat?	/pack now ( <i>balit nyní</i> )
Can we pack now?	/get the key ( <i>dostat ten klíč</i> )
Can we get the key?	/speak to the manager ( <i>mluvit s manažerem</i> )
Can we speak to the manager?	/call the reception ( <i>zavolat na recepci</i> )
Can we call the reception?	

### Exercise 28 (42.30 min.)

**Example:** *Can they help us?*

(*Můžou nám pomoci?*)

**Yes, they can help you.**

(*Ano, oni vám můžou pomoci.*)

Can they help us?	Yes, they can help you.
Can she call him?	Yes, she can <i>call him</i> . ( <i>zavolat mu</i> )
Can they see us?	Yes, they can <i>see you</i> . ( <i>vidět vás</i> )
Can you work with me?	Yes, I can <i>work with you</i> . ( <i>pracovat s tebou</i> )
Can he speak to them?	Yes, he can <i>speak to them</i> . ( <i>mluvit s nimi</i> )
Can she cook for them?	Yes, she can <i>cook for them</i> . ( <i>vařit pro ně</i> )
Can we travel with her?	Yes, you can <i>travel with her</i> . ( <i>cestovat s ní</i> )
Can you look for them?	Yes, I can <i>look for them</i> . ( <i>hledat je</i> )

### Exercise 29 (44.00 min.)

**Example:** *Can you cook?*

(*Umíš vařit?*)

**Yes, I can. I love cooking.**

(*Ano, umím. Miluju vaření.*)

Can you cook?	Yes, I can. I love cooking.
Can he <i>mend cars</i> ? ( <i>opravovat auta</i> )	Yes, he can. He loves mending cars.
Can she sing?	Yes, she can. She loves singing.
Can they grow vegetables?	Yes, they can. They love growing vegetables.
Can you take pictures?	Yes, I can. I love taking pictures.
Can she make cocktails?	Yes, she can. She loves making cocktails.
Can you play tennis?	Yes, I can. I love playing tennis.
Can he ride a horse?	Yes, he can. He loves riding a horse.

**PRESENT SIMPLE - where, when, why, who,****cvičení 1 – 20 (33 min.)****Exercise 1**

**Example:** *Where's the restaurant?* /the sauna  
(*Kde je ta restaurace?*)

**Where's the sauna?**

Where's the restaurant?	/the sauna
Where's the sauna?	/the room ( <i>pokoj</i> )
Where's the room?	/the office ( <i>kancelář</i> )
Where's the office?	/the bar ( <i>bar</i> )
Where's the bar?	/the restroom ( <i>toaleta</i> )
Where's the restroom?	/the beauty salon ( <i>kosmetický salon</i> )
Where's the beauty salon?	/the swimming pool ( <i>bazén</i> )
Where's the swimming pool?	

**Exercise 2 (1.10 min.)**

**Example:** *Is the restaurant on the second floor?* /the sauna  
(*Je ta restaurace ve druhém patře?*)

**Is the sauna on the second floor?**

Is the restaurant on the second floor?	/the sauna
Is the sauna on the second floor?	/the room
Is the room on the second floor?	/the office
Is the office on the second floor?	/the bar
Is the bar on the second floor?	/the restroom
Is the restroom on the second floor?	/the beauty salon
Is the beauty salon on the second floor?	/the swimming pool
Is the swimming pool on the second floor?	

**Exercise 3 (2.40 min.)**

**Example:** *Is the restaurant on the first floor?* **No, the restaurant is on the third floor.**  
(*Je ta restaurace v prvním patře?*) (*Ne, ta restaurace je ve třetím patře.*)

Is the restaurant on the first floor?	No, the restaurant is on the third floor.
Is the sauna on the second floor?	No, the sauna is on the third floor.
Is the room on the fourth floor?	No, the room is on the third floor.
Is the office on the fifth floor?	No, the office is on the third floor.
Is the bar on the sixth floor?	No, the bar is on the third floor.
Is the restroom on the seventh floor?	No, the restroom is on the third floor.
Is the beauty salon on the eighth floor?	No, the beauty salon is on the third floor.
Is the swimming pool on the ninth floor?	No, the swimming pool is on the third floor.

**Exercise 4 (4.40 min.)**

**Example:** *Where does she usually have lunch?* /park the car  
(*Kde obvykle obědvá?*)

**Where does she usually park the car?**

Where does she usually have lunch?	/park the car ( <i>parkovat auto</i> )
Where does she usually park the car?	/do exercise ( <i>cvičit</i> )
Where does she usually do exercise?	/relax

Where does she usually relax?	/buy clothes ( <i>kupovat oblečení</i> )
Where does she usually buy clothes?	/get a haircut ( <i>nechávat se ostříhat</i> )
Where does she usually get a haircut?	/go on vacation ( <i>jezdit na dovolenou</i> )
Where does she usually go on vacation?	/buy jewelry ( <i>kupovat šperky</i> )
Where does she usually buy jewelry?	

### Exercise 5 (6.05 min.)

**Example:** *Where's the bakery?* /butcher's  
(*Kde je pekařství?*)

**Where's the butcher's?**

Where's the bakery?	/butcher's ( <i>řeznictví</i> )
Where's the butcher's?	/grocery store ( <i>potraviný</i> )
Where's the grocery store?	/newsagent ( <i>trafika - prodej novin atd.</i> )
Where's the newsagent?	/florist's ( <i>květiny</i> )
Where's the florist's?	/pharmacy ( <i>lékárna- US</i> )
Where's the pharmacy?	/chemist's ( <i>lékárna- UK</i> )
Where's the chemist's?	/delicatessen ( <i>delikatesy</i> )
Where's the delicatessen?	

### Exercise 6 (7.15 min.)

**Example:** *Where's the bakery?* **The bakery is on the corner of the street.**  
(*Kde je to pekařství?*) (*To pekařství je na rohu ulice.*)

Where's the bakery?	The bakery is on the corner of the street.
Where's the butcher's?	The butcher's is on the corner of the street.
Where's the grocery store?	The grocery store is on the corner of the street.
Where's the newsagent?	The newsagent is on the corner of the street.
Where's the florist's?	The florist's is on the corner of the street.
Where's the pharmacy?	The pharmacy is on the corner of the street.
Where's the chemist's?	The chemist's is on the corner of the street.
Where's the delicatessen?	The delicatessen is on the corner of the street.

### Exercise 7 (9.00 min.)

**Example:** *Is the bakery at the beginning of the street?* **No, the bakery is at the end of the street.**  
(*Je to pekařství na začátku té ulice?*) (*Ne, to pekařství je na konci té ulice.*)

Is the bakery at the beginning of the street?	No, the bakery is at the end of the street.
Is the butcher's at the beginning of the street?	No, the butcher's is at the end of the street.
Is the grocery store at the beginning of the street?	No, the grocery store is at the end of the street.
Is the newsagent at the beginning of the street?	No, the newsagent is at the end of the street.
Is the florist's at the beginning of the street?	No, the florist's is at the end of the street.
Is the pharmacy at the beginning of the street?	No, the pharmacy is at the end of the street.
Is the chemist's at the beginning of the street?	No, the chemist's is at the end of the street.
Is the delicatessen at the beginning of the street?	No, the delicatessen is at the end of the street.

### Exercise 8 (11.05 min.)

**Example:** *When do you start work?* /turn on your computer  
(*Kdy začínáš pracovat?*)

**When do you turn on your computer?**

When do you start work?	/turn on your computer ( <i>zapnout počítač</i> )
When do you turn on your computer?	/write reports ( <i>psát zprávy</i> )
When do you write reports?	/call the customers ( <i>volat zákazníkům</i> )

When do you call the customers?	/go to meetings ( <i>chodit na porady</i> )
When do you go to meetings?	/have a break ( <i>mít přestávku</i> )
When do you have a break?	/have lunch ( <i>obědvat</i> )
When do you have lunch?	/talk to the manager ( <i>mluvit s manažerem/kou</i> )
When do you talk to the manager?	/finish work ( <i>končit práci</i> )
When do you finish work?	

### Exercise 9 (12.35 min.)

**Example:** *When do they want to do the washing?* /do the ironing

(*Kdy chtějí prát?*)

**When do they want to do the ironing?**

When do they want to do the washing?	/do the ironing ( <i>žehlit</i> )
When do they want to do the ironing?	/do the dishes ( <i>mýt nádobí</i> )
When do they want to do the dishes?	/mop the floor ( <i>umýt podlahu</i> )
When do they want to mop the floor?	/sweep the floor ( <i>zamést podlahu</i> )
When do they want to sweep the floor?	/vacuum the carpet ( <i>vysát koberec</i> )
When do they want to vacuum the carpet?	/clean the windows ( <i>umýt okna</i> )
When do they want to clean the windows?	/do the housework ( <i>dělat domácí práce</i> )
When do they want to do the housework?	

### Exercise 10 (14.10 min.)

**Example:** *When do you want to do the washing?* *I never want to do the washing.*

(*Kdy chceš prát?*)

(*Já nikdy nechci prát.*)

When do you want to do the washing?	I never want to do the washing.
When does she want to do the ironing?	She never wants to do the ironing.
When does he want to do the dishes?	He never wants to do the dishes.
When do you want to mop the floor?	I never want to mop the floor.
When do they want to sweep the floor?	They never want to sweep the floor.
When does he want to vacuum the carpet?	He never wants to vacuum the carpet.
When does she want to clean the windows?	She never wants to clean the windows.
When do you want to do the housework?	I never want to do the housework.

### Exercise 11 (16.00 min.)

**Example:** *When does the bank open?* /the shop

(*Kdy otvírá ta banka?*)

**When does the shop open?**

When does the bank open?	/the shop ( <i>obchod</i> )
When does the shop open?	/the post office ( <i>pošta</i> )
When does the post office open?	/the library ( <i>knihovna</i> )
When does the library open?	/the art gallery ( <i>galerie</i> )
When does the art gallery open?	/the museum ( <i>museum</i> )
When does the museum open?	/the castle ( <i>hrad</i> )
When does the castle open?	/the tourist information ( <i>informační centrum</i> )
When does the tourist information open?	

### Exercise 12 (17.20 min.)

**Example:** *Does the bank open at 9 o'clock?* *No, the bank opens at 10 o'clock.*

(*Otvírá ta banka v 9 hodin?*)

(*Ne, ta banka otvírá v 10 hodin.*)

Does the bank open at 9 o'clock?	No, the bank opens at 10 o'clock.
Does the shop open at 9 o'clock?	No, the shop opens at 10 o'clock.

Does the post office open at 9 o'clock?	No, the post office opens at 10 o'clock.
Does the library open at 9 o'clock?	No, the library opens at 10 o'clock.
Does the art gallery open at 9 o'clock?	No, the art gallery opens at 10 o'clock.
Does the museum open at 9 o'clock?	No, the museum opens at 10 o'clock.
Does the castle open at 9 o'clock?	No, the castle opens at 10 o'clock.
Does the tourist information open at 9 o'clock?	No, the tourist information opens at 10 o'clock.

### Exercise 13 (19.25 min.)

**Example:** *When does the bakery close?* /butcher's  
(*Kdy zavírá pekařství?*)

**When does the butcher's close?**

When does the bakery close?	/butcher's
When does the butcher's close?	/florist's
When does the florist's close?	/pharmacy
When does the pharmacy close?	/grocery store
When does the grocery store close?	/restaurant
When does the restaurant close?	/chemist's
When does the chemist's close?	/delicatessen
When does the delicatessen close?	

### Exercise 14 (20.45 min.)

**Example:** *When does the bakery close?* **The bakery closes at 6 p.m.**  
(*Kdy zavírá pekařství?*) (*Pekařství zavírá v 6. večer.*)

When does the bakery close?	The bakery closes at 6 p.m.
When does the butcher's close?	The butcher's closes at 6 p.m.
When does the florist's close?	The florist's closes at 6 p.m.
When does the pharmacy close?	The pharmacy closes at 6 p.m.
When does the grocery store close?	The grocery store closes at 6 p.m.
When does the restaurant close?	The restaurant closes at 6 p.m.
When does the chemist's close?	The chemist's closes at 6 p.m.
When does the delicatessen close?	The delicatessen closes at 6 p.m.

### Exercise 15 (22.35 min.)

**Example:** *Why does she work hard?* /eat chocolate  
(*Proč tvrdě pracuje?*)

**Why does she eat chocolate?**

Why does she work hard?	/eat chocolate ( <i>jíst čokoládu</i> )
Why does she eat chocolate?	/buy presents ( <i>kupovat dárky</i> )
Why does she buy presents?	/do yoga every day ( <i>dělat jógu každý den</i> )
Why does she do yoga every day?	/play with kids ( <i>hrát si s dětmi</i> )
Why does she play with kids?	/drink fresh juice ( <i>pít čerstvý džus</i> )
Why does she drink fresh juice?	/have a massage ( <i>dát si masáž</i> )
Why does she have a massage?	/watch TV every day ( <i>dívat se na TV každý den</i> )
Why does she watch TV every day?	

### Exercise 16 (24.00 min.)

**Example:** *Why does she work hard?* **She works hard because she loves working hard.**  
(*Proč tvrdě pracuje?*) (*Pracuje tvrdě, protože velmi ráda tvrdě pracuje.*)

Why does she work hard?	She works hard because she loves working hard.
Why does she eat chocolate?	She eats chocolate because she loves eating chocolate.

Why does she buy presents?	She buys presents because she loves buying presents.
Why does she do yoga every day?	She does yoga every day because she loves doing yoga every day.
Why does she play with kids?	She plays with kids because she loves playing with kids.
Why does she drink fresh juice?	She drinks fresh juice because she loves drinking fresh juice.
Why does she have a massage?	She has a massage because she loves having a massage.
Why does she watch TV?	She watches TV because she loves watching TV.

### Exercise 17 (26.05 min.)

**Example:** *Why don't you do the housework?* /buy food

*(Proč neděláš domácí práce?)*

**Why don't you buy food?**

Why don't you do the housework?	/buy food ( <i>kupovat jídlo</i> )
Why don't you buy food?	/eat vegetables ( <i>jíst zeleninu</i> )
Why don't you eat vegetables?	/do sport ( <i>sportovat</i> )
Why don't you do sport?	/go by train ( <i>jezdit vlakem</i> )
Why don't you go by train?	/read books ( <i>číst knihy</i> )
Why don't you read books?	/wait for them ( <i>čekat na ně</i> )
Why don't you wait for them?	/travel by bus ( <i>cestovat autobusem</i> )
Why don't you travel by bus?	

### Exercise 18 (27.20 min.)

**Example:** *Why don't you do the housework?* *I don't do the housework because I hate doing the housework.*

*(Proč neděláš domácí práce?)*

*(Nedělám domácí práce, protože nesnáším dělat domácí práce.)*

Why don't you do the housework?	I don't do the housework because I hate doing the housework.
Why don't you buy food?	I don't buy food because I hate buying food.
Why don't you eat vegetables?	I don't eat vegetables because I hate eating vegetables.
Why don't you do sport?	I don't do sport because I hate doing sport.
Why don't you go by train?	I don't go by train because I hate going by train.
Why don't you read books?	I don't read books because I hate reading books.
Why don't you wait for them?	I don't wait for them because I hate waiting for them.
Why don't you travel by bus?	I don't travel by bus because I hate travelling by bus.

### Exercise 19 (29.30 min.)

**Example:** *Why doesn't he do homework?* /clean the windows

*(Proč nedělá domácí úkoly?)*

**Why doesn't he clean the windows?**

Why doesn't he do homework?	/clean the windows ( <i>umýt okna</i> )
Why doesn't he clean the windows?	/help his wife ( <i>pomáhat své manželce</i> )
Why doesn't he help his wife?	/work in the garden ( <i>pracovat na zahradě</i> )
Why doesn't he work in the garden?	/cook dinner ( <i>vařit večeři</i> )
Why doesn't he cook dinner?	/take the kids to school ( <i>brát děti do školy</i> )
Why doesn't he take the kids to school?	/wash the car ( <i>umýt auto</i> )
Why doesn't he wash the car?	/have breakfast ( <i>snídat</i> )
Why doesn't he have breakfast?	

**Exercise 20 (31.00 min.)**

**Example:**     **Why doesn't he do homework?   He doesn't do homework because he doesn't have time.**  
                  *(Proč nedělá domácí úkoly?)                   (Nedělá domácí úkoly, protože nemá čas.)*

Why doesn't he do homework?	He doesn't do homework because he doesn't have time.
Why doesn't he clean the windows?	He doesn't clean the windows because he doesn't have time.
Why doesn't he help his wife?	He doesn't help his wife because he doesn't have time.
Why doesn't he work in the garden?	He doesn't work in the garden because he doesn't have time.
Why doesn't he cook dinner?	He doesn't cook dinner because he doesn't have time.
Why doesn't he take the kids to school?	He doesn't take the kids to school because he doesn't have time.
Why doesn't he wash the car?	He doesn't wash the car because he doesn't have time.
Why doesn't he have breakfast?	He doesn't have breakfast because he doesn't have time.



**PRESENT SIMPLE - who, who with/about, what, what about,**  
**cvičení 21 – 33 (19 min.)**

**WHO- KOMU****Exercise 21**

**Example:** *Who do you help?* /lend money  
 (*Komu pomáháš?*)

**Who do you lend money to?**

Who do you help?	/lend money ( <i>půjčovat peníze</i> )
Who do you lend money to?	/give sweets ( <i>dávat sladkosti</i> )
Who do you give sweets to?	/call ( <i>volat</i> )
Who do you call?	/tell these stories ( <i>vyprávět tyto příběhy</i> )
Who do you tell these stories to?	/sell these products ( <i>prodávat tyto produkty</i> )
Who do you sell these products to?	/send emails ( <i>posílat emaily</i> )
Who do you send emails to?	/recommend the hotel ( <i>doporučit ten hotel</i> )
Who do you recommend the hotel to?	

**Exercise 22 (1.15 min.)**

**Example:** *Do you help your neighbours?* **No, I never help my neighbours.**  
 (*Pomáháš svým sousedům?*) (*Ne, nikdy nepomáhám svým sousedům.*)

Do you help your neighbours?	No, I never help my neighbours.
Do you lend money to your friends?	No, I never <i>lend money to my friends.</i> ( <i>půjčovat peníze přátelům</i> )
Do you give sweets to the kids?	No, I never <i>give sweets to the kids.</i> ( <i>dávat dětem sladkosti</i> )
Do you sometimes call him?	No, I never <i>call him.</i> ( <i>volat mu</i> )
Do you tell them these stories?	No, I never <i>tell them these stories.</i> ( <i>vyprávět jim tyto příběhy</i> )
Do you sell them these products?	No, I never <i>sell them these products.</i> ( <i>prodávat jim tyto produkty</i> )
Do you send her emails?	No, I never <i>send her emails.</i> ( <i>posílat jí emaily</i> )
Do you recommend the hotel?	No, I never <i>recommend the hotel.</i> ( <i>doporučovat ten hotel</i> )

**WHO- KOHO****Exercise 23 (3.05 min.)**

**Example:** *Who do you see?* /need  
 (*Koho vidíš?*)

**Who do you need?**

Who do you see?	/need ( <i>potřebovat</i> )
Who do you need?	/support ( <i>podporovat</i> )
Who do you support?	/like ( <i>mít rád</i> )
Who do you like?	/listen to ( <i>poslouchat</i> )
Who do you listen to?	/hear ( <i>slyšet</i> )
Who do you hear?	/watch ( <i>pozorovat</i> )
Who do you watch?	/want to see ( <i>chtít vidět</i> )
Who do you want to see?	

### Exercise 24 (4.10 min.)

**Example:** *Does she see him?*  
(Vidí ho?)

Does she see him?  
Does she need him?  
Does she support him?  
Does she like him?  
Does she listen to him?  
Does she hear him?  
Does she watch him?  
Does she want to see him?

**No, she doesn't see him. She sees her.**  
(Ne, nevidí ho. Vidí jí.)

No, she doesn't see him. She sees her.  
No, she doesn't need him. She needs her.  
No, she doesn't support him. She supports her.  
No, she doesn't like him. She likes her.  
No, she doesn't listen to him. She listens to her.  
No, she doesn't hear him. She hears her.  
No, she doesn't watch him. She watches her.  
No, she doesn't want to see him. She wants to see her.

### Exercise 25 (6.15 min.)

**Example:** *Do you often see them?*  
(Vidáš je často?)

Do you often see them?  
Do you often need them?  
Do you often support them?  
Do you often look for them?  
Do you often watch them?  
Do you often hear them?  
Do you often listen to them?  
Do you often want to see them?

**No, I don't often see them.**  
(Ne, nevidám je často.)

No, I don't often see them.  
No, I don't often need them.  
No, I don't often support them.  
No, I don't often *look for* them. (*hledat*)  
No, I don't often watch them.  
No, I don't often hear them.  
No, I don't often listen to them.  
No, I don't often want to see them.

## WHO WITH - S KÝM

### Exercise 26 (8.00 min.)

**Example:** *Who do you live with? /work*  
(S kým pracuješ/te?)

**Who do you work with?**

Who do you live with? /work  
Who do you work with? /drive  
Who do you drive with? /go on holiday  
Who do you go on holiday with? /travel  
Who do you travel with? /go shopping  
Who do you go shopping with? /play games  
Who do you play games with? /study French  
Who do you study French with?

### Exercise 27 (9.10 min.)

**Example:** *Who does he live with?*  
(S kým bydlí?)

Who does he live with?  
Who does he work with?  
Who does he drive with?  
Who does he go on holiday with?  
Who does he travel with?  
Who does he go shopping with?  
Who does he play games with?  
Who does he study French with?

**He lives with his friends.**  
(Bydlí se svými přáteli.)

He lives with his friends.  
He works with his friends.  
He drives with his friends.  
He goes on holiday with his friends.  
He travels with his friends.  
He goes shopping with his friends.  
He plays games with his friends.  
He studies French with his friends.

## WHO ABOUT - O KOM

**Exercise 28** (10.50 min.)

**Example:** *Who do you talk about? /think*  
(*O kom mluvíš/te?*)

**Who do you think about?**

Who do you talk about?	/think ( <i>myslet, přemýšlet</i> )
Who do you think about?	/write
Who do you write about?	/dream ( <i>snít</i> )
Who do you dream about?	/complain ( <i>stěžovat si</i> )
Who do you complain about?	/speak
Who do you speak about?	/sing
Who do you sing about?	/read
Who do you read about?	

**Exercise 29** (12.00 min.)

**Example:** *Who does she often talk about?*  
(*O kom často mluví?*)

*She often talks about kids.*  
(*Často mluví o dětech.*)

Who does she often talk about?	She often talks about kids.
Who does she often think about?	She often thinks about kids.
Who does she often write about?	She often writes about kids.
Who does she often dream about?	She often dreams about kids.
Who does she often complain about?	She often complains about kids.
Who does she often speak about?	She often speaks about kids.
Who does she often sing about?	She often sings about kids.
Who does she often read about?	She often reads about kids.

**Exercise 30** (13.40 min.)

**Example:** *Who do you live with?*  
(*S kým žiješ/bydlíš?*)

*I live with my children.*  
(*Žiju se svými dětmi.*)

Who do you live with?	I live with my children.
Who do you give sweets to?	I give sweets to my children.
Who do you listen to?	I listen to my children.
Who do you play games with?	I play games with my children.
Who do you need?	I need my children.
Who do you talk about?	I talk about my children.
Who do you tell the stories to?	I tell the stories to my children.
Who do you think about?	I think about my children.
Who do you support?	I support my children.
Who do you go on holiday with?	I go on holiday with my children.

## WHAT - CO, JAKÝ

**Exercise 31** (15.30 min.)

**Example:** *What kind of music do you like? /cars*  
(*Jaký druh hudby máš rád/a?*)

**What kind of cars do you like?**

What kind of music do you like?	/cars
What kind of cars do you like?	/books
What kind of books do you like?	/films
What kind of films do you like?	/games

What kind of games do you like?	/restaurants
What kind of restaurants do you like?	/food
What kind of food do you like?	/shops
What kind of shops do you like?	

### WHAT ABOUT - O ČEM, NA CO

**Exercise 32** (16.50 min.)

**Example:** *What does she often talk about?* /dream

*(O čem často hovoří?)*

**What does she often dream about?**

What does she often talk about?	/dream ( <i>snít</i> )
What does she often dream about?	/read ( <i>číst</i> )
What does she often read about?	/write ( <i>psát</i> )
What does she often write about?	/complain ( <i>stěžovat si</i> )
What does she often complain about?	/argue ( <i>hádat se</i> )
What does she often argue about?	/speak ( <i>mluvit</i> )
What does she often speak about?	/sing ( <i>zpívat</i> )
What does she often sing about?	

**Exercise 33** (18.10 min.)

**Example:** *What does she want to do?* /say

*(Co chce dělat?)*

**What does she want to say?**

What does she want to do?	/say
What does she want to say?	/play
What does she want to play?	/take
What does she want to take?	/read
What does she want to read?	/make
What does she want to make?	/cook
What does she want to cook?	/paint
What does she want to paint?	

**PRESENT SIMPLE - have to, cvičení 1 – 15 (28 min.)****Exercise 1****Example:** *Do you have to work overtime?* /clean the house*(Musíš pracovat přesčas?)***Do you have to clean the house?**

Do you have to work overtime?	/clean the house ( <i>uklízet dům</i> )
Do you have to clean the house?	/do the washing ( <i>prát</i> )
Do you have to do the washing?	/wash the car ( <i>umývat auto</i> )
Do you have to wash the car?	/play the games ( <i>hrát ty hry</i> )
Do you have to play the games?	/work in the garden ( <i>pracovat na zahradě</i> )
Do you have to work in the garden?	/do homework ( <i>dělat domácí úkol</i> )
Do you have to do homework?	/go to bed early ( <i>jít brzy spát</i> )
Do you have to go to bed early?	

**Exercise 2 (1.25 min.)****Example:** *Do you have to work overtime?* **Yes, I often have to work overtime.***(Musíš pracovat přesčas?)* (*Ano, často musím pracovat přesčas.*)

Do you have to work overtime?	Yes, I often have to work overtime.
Do you have to clean the house?	Yes, I often have to clean the house.
Do you have to do the washing?	Yes, I often have to do the washing.
Do you have to wash the car?	Yes, I often have to wash the car.
Do you have to play the games?	Yes, I often have to play the games.
Do you have to work in the garden?	Yes, I often have to work in the garden.
Do you have to do homework?	Yes, I often have to do homework.
Do you have to go to bed early?	Yes, I often have to go to bed early.

**Exercise 3 (3.20 min.)****Example:** *Does she have to make coffee?* /send emails*(Musí dělat kávu?)***Does she have to send emails?**

Does she have to make coffee?	/send emails ( <i>posílat emaily</i> )
Does she have to send emails?	/call the clients ( <i>volat klientům</i> )
Does she have to call the clients?	/sell the products ( <i>prodávat ty produkty</i> )
Does she have to sell the products?	/write reports ( <i>psát zprávy</i> )
Does she have to write reports?	/travel ( <i>cestovat</i> )
Does she have to travel?	/work long hours ( <i>pracovat dlouho/hodně hodin</i> )
Does she have to work long hours?	/wear a uniform ( <i>nosit uniformu</i> )
Does she have to wear a uniform?	

**Exercise 4 (4.50 min.)****Example:** *Does she have to make coffee?* **No, she doesn't have to make coffee.***(Musí dělat kávu?)* (*Ne, nemusí dělat kávu.*)

Does she have to make coffee?	No, she doesn't have to make coffee.
Does she have to send emails?	No, she doesn't have to send emails.
Does she have to call the clients?	No, she doesn't have to call the clients.
Does she have to sell the products?	No, she doesn't have to sell the products.
Does she have to write reports?	No, she doesn't have to write reports.

Does she have to travel?	No, she doesn't have to travel.
Does she have to work long hours?	No, she doesn't have to work long hours.
Does she have to wear a uniform?	No, she doesn't have to wear a uniform.

### Exercise 5 (6.45 min.)

**Example:** *Where do they have to stay?* /park the car

*(Kde musí bydlet/zůstat?)*

**Where do they have to park the car?**

Where do they have to stay?	/park the car ( <i>parkovat</i> )
Where do they have to park the car?	/wait ( <i>čekat</i> )
Where do they have to wait?	/speak English
Where do they have to speak English?	/go
Where do they have to go?	/book a table ( <i>rezervovat stůl</i> )
Where do they have to book a table?	/get the tickets ( <i>koupit lístky</i> )
Where do they have to get the tickets?	/buy the camera ( <i>koupit ten foťák</i> )
Where do they have to buy the camera?	

### Exercise 6 (8.10 min.)

**Example:** *Do they have to stay in this hotel?* **No, they don't have to stay in this hotel.**

*(Musí bydlet v tomto hotelu?)*

*(Ne, nemusí bydlet v tomto hotelu.)*

Do they have to stay in this hotel?	No, they don't have to stay in this hotel.
Do they have to park the car over there?	No, they don't have to park the car <i>over there</i> . ( <i>támhle</i> )
Do they have to wait for him?	No, they don't have to wait for him.
Do they have to speak English in class?	No, they don't have to speak English in class.
Do they have to go there?	No, they don't have to go <i>there</i> . ( <i>tam</i> )
Do they have to book a table in the restaurant?	No, they don't have to book a table in the restaurant.
Do they have to get the tickets now?	No, they don't have to get the tickets now.
Do they have to buy the camera in this shop?	No, they don't have to buy the camera in this shop.

### Exercise 7 (10.20 min.)

**Example:** *Why does he always have to come home late?* /get up early

*(Proč musí vždy přijít domů pozdě?)*

**Why does he always have to get up early?**

Why does he always have to come home late?	/get up early
Why does he always have to get up early?	/go to bed late
Why does he always have to go to bed late?	/argue with her
Why does he always have to argue with her?	/work late at night
Why does he always have to work late at night?	/take the kids to school
Why does he always have to take the kids to school?	/carry the bag
Why does he always have to carry the bag?	/wear dirty jeans
Why does he always have to wear dirty jeans?	

### Exercise 8 (12.05 min.)

**Example:** *Does he always have to come home late?* **No, he doesn't always have to come home late.**

*(Musí vždy přijít domů pozdě.)*

*(Ne, nemusí vždy přijít domů pozdě.)*

Does he always have to come home late?	No, he doesn't always have to come home late.
Does he always have to get up early?	No, he doesn't always have to get up early.
Does he always have to go to bed late?	No, he doesn't always have to go to bed late.
Does he always have to argue with her?	No, he doesn't always have to argue with her.
Does he always have to work late at night?	No, he doesn't always have to work late at night.

Does he always have to take the kids to school? No, he doesn't always have to take the kids to school.  
 Does he always have to carry the bag? No, he doesn't always have to carry the bag.  
 Does he always have to wear dirty jeans? No, he doesn't always have to wear dirty jeans.

### Exercise 9 (14.15 min.)

**Example:** *Do you have to sell the house now? /buy the car*

*(Musíš prodat ten dům teď?)*

**Do you have to buy the car now?**

Do you have to sell the house now?	/buy the car ( <i>koupit to auto</i> )
Do you have to buy the car now?	/paint the room ( <i>vymalovat ten pokoj</i> )
Do you have to paint the room now?	/go to the bank ( <i>jít do banky</i> )
Do you have to go to the bank now?	/call her ( <i>zavolat jí</i> )
Do you have to call her now?	/meet him ( <i>setkat se s ním</i> )
Do you have to meet him now?	/do exercise ( <i>cvičit</i> )
Do you have to do exercise now?	/go shopping ( <i>jít nakupovat</i> )
Do you have to go shopping now?	

### Exercise 10 (15.40 min.)

**Example:** *Do we have to sell the house today?*

*(Musíme prodat ten dům dnes?)*

**No, we don't. We can sell the house tomorrow.**

*(Ne, nemusíme. Můžeme prodat ten dům zítra.)*

Do we have to sell the house today?	No, we don't. We can sell the house tomorrow.
Do we have to buy the car today?	No, we don't. We can buy the car tomorrow.
Do we have to paint the room today?	No, we don't. We can paint the room tomorrow.
Do we have to go to the bank today?	No, we don't. We can go to the bank tomorrow.
Do we have to call her today?	No, we don't. We can call her tomorrow.
Do we have to meet him today?	No, we don't. We can meet him tomorrow.
Do we have to do exercise today?	No, we don't. We can do exercise tomorrow.
Do we have to go shopping today?	No, we don't. We can go shopping tomorrow.

### Exercise 11 (17.55 min.)

**Example:** *Does she often have to help her sister?*

*(Musí často pomáhat své sestře?)*

**No, she never has to help her sister.**

*(Ne, nikdy nemusí pomáhat své sestře.)*

Does she often have to help her sister?	No, she never has to help her sister.
Do you often have to go by bus?	No, I never have to go by bus.
Do they often have to go to church?	No, they never have to go to church.
Does he often have to study at weekends?	No, he never has to study at weekends.
Does it often have to be in this office?	No, it never has to be in this office.
Does she often have to wear a uniform?	No, she never has to wear a uniform.
Do you often have to go to work by train?	No, I never have to go to work by train.
Does she often have to take a taxi?	No, she never has to take a taxi.

### Exercise 12 (20.00 min.)

**Example:** *Why does she have to write articles?*

*(Proč musí psát články?)*

**She has to write articles because she needs money.**

*(Musí psát články, protože potřebuje peníze.)*

Why does she have to write articles?	She has to write articles because she needs money.
Why do they have to work at night?	They have to work at night because they need money.
Why does he have to have two jobs?	He has to <i>have two jobs</i> because he needs money. ( <i>mít dvě práce</i> )
Why do they have to sell their house?	They have to sell their house because they need money.
Why do you have to take the job?	I have to <i>take the job</i> because I need money. ( <i>vzít tu práci</i> )
Why does he have to drive a truck?	He has to <i>drive a truck</i> because he needs money. ( <i>řídít kamión</i> )

Why does she have to become a model? She has to *become a model* because she needs money. (*stát modelkou*)  
 Why do you have to find a new job? I have to *find a new job* because I need money. (*najít novou práci*)

### Exercise 13 (22.05 min.)

**Example:** *Does he have to call his parents?*

(*Musí volat rodičům?*)

Does he have to call **his parents**?

Does she have to *ask Mike*? (*zeptat se Mikea*)

Do you have to go with **your kids**?

Does it have to *be about music*? (*být o hudbě*)

Do they have to *ask for tickets*? (*požádat o lístky*)

Does he have to *buy the books*? (*koupit knihy*)

Does she have to *speak with Lucy*? (*mluvit s Lucy*)

Do you have to *argue with Mike*? (*hádat s Mikem*)

**Yes, he has to call them.**

(*Ano, musí jim volat.*)

Yes, he has to call **them**.

Yes, she has to ask **him**.

Yes, I have to go with **them**.

Yes, it has to be about **it**.

Yes, they have to ask for **them**.

Yes, he has to buy **them**.

Yes, she has to speak with **her**.

Yes, I have to argue with **him**.

### Exercise 14 (23.55 min.)

**Example:** *How often do you have to wear a suit?*

(*Jak často musíš nosit oblek?*)

How often do you have to wear a **suit**?

How often does she have to do **exercise**?

How often does he have to call **his wife**?

How often do they have to wear **these boots**?

How often do you have to *charge your phone*? (*nabít telefon*)

How often does it have to *eat grass*? (*jíst trávu*)

How often does she have to wash **her hair**?

How often do you have to visit **your parents**?

**I have to wear it twice a week.**

(*Musím ho nosit dvakrát týdně.*)

I have to wear **it** twice a week.

She has to do **it** twice a week.

He has to call **her** twice a week.

They have to wear **them** twice a week.

I have to charge **it** twice a week.

It has to eat **it** twice a week.

She has to wash **it** twice a week.

I have to visit **them** twice a week.

### Exercise 15 (25.45 min.)

**Example:** *Do you have to work in the morning?*

(*Musíš pracovat ráno?*)

Do you have to work in the morning?

Does she have to cook in the morning?

Do they have to go shopping in the morning?

Does he have to **water the garden** in the morning?

Does she have to mop the floor in the morning?

Does he have to do the laundry in the morning?

Do you have to tidy your room in the morning?

Do they have to buy the tickets in the morning?

**No, I don't. I have to work in the evening.**

(*Ne, nemusím. Musím pracovat večer.*)

No, I don't. I have to work in the evening.

No, she doesn't. She has to cook in the evening.

No, they don't. They have to go shopping in the evening.

No, he doesn't. He has to water the garden in the evening.

No, she doesn't. She has to mop the floor in the evening.

No, he doesn't. He has to do the laundry in the evening.

No, I don't. I have to tidy my room in the evening.

No, they don't. They have to buy the tickets in the evening.

(*water the garden- zalévat zahradu*)